Technical Report Profile DEKORP 1987-1A

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1. Introduction

This is the technical description of the DEKORP 1988-1A seismic reflection data. The original PHX and SEGY format descriptions and the applied transcription rules (enclosed documents) are attached to this report in the Appendix. These documents might help the experienced user to follow the details of the transcription process from the original PHX tape format to the provided SEGY disk format:

- Barry et al., (1975) Recommended Standards for Digital Tape Formats' Official SEG-Y technical standard description, revision 0
- SCC/SSL Manual: implemented 'SEGY' Tape Format Description
- SSC/SSL Manual: 'PHXI' Phoenix 'I' Tape Format Description
- SSC/SSL Manual: 'PHX F' Phoenix FamilyTape Format Description
- SSC/SSL Manual, Internal Disk File (IDF) Format Description
- Applied transcription table PHX → SEGY (phx-ordered)
- Applied transcription table PHX → SEGY (segy-ordered)

When using the data please cite:

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2. General

The folder **DEK87-1A_Data** contains all seismic data and corresponding meta data as well as additional information like e.g. high-resolution graphic representations of final processing results. All data are based on the original processing carried out at the former DEKORP Processing Centre (DPC) at the Geophysical Institute of the Technical University Clausthal, Germany (Stiller & Thomas, 1989). The seismic data were originally stored on ½-inch 9-track magnetic tapes in PHXF or PHXI trace format as output from the SSC/SSL seismic processing package used at that time. In recent years these tapes have been step-by-step transcribed to SEGY disk files to allow for handling the data with any actual soft- and hardware. The attached format description files (see Appendix B) describe in detail the structure of (1) the SEGY format according to the SEG standard, of (2) the PHXF, PHXI and IDF formats according to the SSC/SSL software manual and (3) the applied conversion tables from PHX to SEGY.

All provided SEGY files are IEEE-32bitFP rev0 with proper binary header and with lots of remapped PHX header entries in addition to the regular ones. In the following, a complete and for all SGY-files identical remapping list is given, however not all of these headers are always filled with values for all files. The template is in Landmark ProMAX format, i.e. header name, description, Integer/float format, , byte start. This allows an easy remapping definition for the SEGY input routine of any other software:

SEG-Y Reel Header

```
C1: Additional remapped header info (mnemonic, description, format,, byte start/)
                                                127/
lrno, record index number,
                                        2i, ,
                                        2i,
lrtr, record index trace number,
                                                129/
dtst, trc static correction 1 (datum), 2i,
                                                213/
deds, trc stat. correct.2 (weathering),2i,
                                                215/
lgta, trace static correction 3 (bulk),2i,
                                                217/
                                        2i,
nspn, nearest SPON above cdp,
                                                209/
elac, elevation nearest loc above CDP, 2i, ,
                                                203/
dlac, datum nearest loc above CDP,
                                        2i, ,
                                                207/
dsac, depth of shot nearest this CDP,
                                        2i,
                                                151/
utsa, uphole tim shot nearest this CDP,2i,
                                                153/
avsr, averag elev all src+rcv this CDP,2i,
                                                205/
rclc, receiver loc no for this trc,
                                        4i,
                                                185/
stno, source loc no for this trc,
                                                181/
flg1, 32bit-flgwrd this trc(bit 1-16),2i,
                                                237/
      32bit-flgwrd this trc(bit 17-32),2i,
                                                239/
flg2,
      inverse trace counter within CDP, 2i,
intc,
                                                211/
                                        2i,
nu01,
      unassigned (azimuth),
                                                227/
                                        4i,
slac,
      nearest surface loc above CDP,
                                                189/
                                        2i,
muls, multiplex skew,
                                                139/
tsns, trc set nos (scantyp+chn set no),2i,
                                                229/
                                        2i,
auts, some type of automatic statics,
                                                235/
                                        2i,
cstr, unassigned (CDP residual stat),
                                                223/
nu03, unassigned (src residual statics,2i,
                                                219/
                                        2i,
nu04, unassigned (rcv statics),
                                                221/
                                        2i,
nu06, unassigned,
                                                224/
cnts, copy number of trace,
                                        2i,
                                                231/
      original IPN no,
                                                133/
ptrn,
                                        2i,
ausn, ascii user assigned src no,
                                        4i,
                                                141/
atri, ascii special trc grp identifier,4i,
                                                145/
      original line no of this trc,
olnt,
                                        2i,
                                                233/
      CDP bin x coordinate,
cdpx,
                                        4i,
                                                193/
      CDP bin y coordinate,
cdpy,
                                        4i,
                                                197/
      cdp bin code x,
cd3x,
                                        2i,
                                                135/
cd3y,
      cdp bin code y,
                                        2i,
                                                137/
suel,
      surface elevation over cdp,
                                        2i,
                                                201/
fldr,
      float. datum elev for receiver,
                                        2i,
                                                155/
dsrl,
      depth of src at receiver loc,
                                        2i,
                                                149/
fs20,
      format specific,
                                        2i,
                                                131/
** converted from SSL/PHX xxx_yyyy.IDF to SGY, GFZ Potsdam, dd.mm.yyyy **
```

2.1. Folder structure DEK88-1A Data

SeismicData	MainData	PreStack	FFsorted		
			CDPsorted		
		PostStack	FinalStacks_unmigrated	without_coherency	without_summation
ļ					with_summation
				with_coherency	without_summation
ļ					with_summation
ļ				LineDrawings	
			FinalStacks_migrated	without_coherency	without_summation
ļ					with_summation
ļ				with_coherency	without_summation
ļ					with_summation
				LineDrawings	
	AdditionalData	BruteStacks	unmigrated		
			migrated		
		Misc	SpecialProcessing		

GraphicData	MainData	FinalStacks
		FinalMigrations
		AtlasData
	AdditionalData	BruteProc
		Misc

MetaData	Geometry	Sources
		Receivers
		CDPs
		Relation
		Misc
	SurveyData	FieldReport
		Maps
		Statics
		Misc
	Misc	

In a PDF document in the **DEK87-1A_Data** parent folder all files contained in the subfolders are again listed together with additional information for a full overview.

3. Seismic Data

The seismic trace data are divided into **MainData** and **AdditionalData**. The main data are the ones most likely required for further evaluation, the additional data are old versions or special processing attempts and will be added step by step later on.

The seismic main data are divided into **PreStack** and **PostStack** data. The pre-stack data are well suited for an entire reprocessing, the final post-stack data to get a structural overview or for reinterpretation.

In the MainData/PreStack subfolder **FFsorted** there is a set of SGY files, each single one is a 1:1 transcription of a FF-sorted (FieldFile) magnetic tape from the respective original processing. The records may extend via two consecutive files. If the order of input during import is correct, the final dataset will contain sorted ensembles with increasing FF numbers, each with increasing channel numbers. The file names are consistently structured like xxx_yyyy.idf.segy where the xxx means a sequentially increasing tape index number within the respective processing stage (in this case ascending FF/Chan-sorted ensembles, unprocessed, but with all geometry

information in the trace headers) from tape 1-76. The yyyy is the unique original tape label number, idf is the source format (SSL-PHX Internal Disk Format). A PDF document in the parent folder lists all SGY files again together with additional Information.

In the MainData/PreStack subfolder **CDPsorted** there is a set of SGY files, each single one of which is a 1:1 transcription of a CDP-sorted (CommonDepthPoint) magnetic tape from the respective original processing (crooked-line geometry based on smoothed line through the midpoint scatter points). Again the gathers may extend via two consecutive files. If the order of input during import is correct, the final dataset will contain sorted ensembles with increasing CDP numbers, each with increasing Offset (Source-Receiver distance). The file names are again structured like xxx_yyyy.idf.segy where the xxx means a sequentially increasing tape index number within the respective processing stage (in this case ascending CDP/Offset-sorted ensembles, unprocessed except bad trace elimination, but with all geometry information in the trace headers) from tape 1-78. The yyyy is the unique original tape label number, idf the source format (SSL-PHX Internal Disk Format). The PDF document in the parent folder lists again all SGY files again together with additional information.

All information that is necessary for recording geometry definition should be already present in the headers (source-/receiver-/CDP locations/coordinates/elevations/static corrections, shot/channel numbers, offsets etc.), so it should be easily possible to set up a matching database by extracting them accordingly.

In the MainData/**PostStack** folder there are SGY files with the results from the final processing carried out at the DPC, they are arranged in subfolders according to the respective poststack processing stage, i.e. **unmigrated** or **migrated**, **without** or **with** additional **coherency** enhancement, **without** or **with** additional trace **summation** of 2 adjacent traces to reduce the number of traces, and last not least automatic **LineDrawings**. Again each single one is a 1:1 transcription of the corresponding magnetic tape from the respective original processing. They are always CDP-sorted and structured like xxx_yyyy.idf.segy where the xxx means a sequentially increasing tape index number, if several versions exist. The yyyy is the unique original tape label number, idf is the source format (SSL-PHX Internal Disk Format). The PDF document in the parent folder lists all SGY files again together with additional information.

Some SGY files come with an additional text file of the same name (but with the extension *.his instead of *.segy). Each of these so-called "history" files contains the entire processing history of the same-named SGY file by accumulation of protocols and processing parameters from all processes applied to the respective dataset. The syntax for these 80-column ASCII rows corresponds to the punch card coding of the SSC/SSL seismic software used for the original data processing. Even if no corresponding manual for a detailed explanation is at hand, most of the coding is self-explaining for an experienced operator.

4. Graphic data

The folder **GraphicData** contains graphic representations of the seismic data results. The originally in high-resolution prepared raster files for Versatec VR222, Calcomp CC442 and Geospace GS64 camera plotter were transcribed to PNG which can be displayed with all common graphic viewers that are able to handle images with 25 000 pixels and more. In general, the images come with top label (showing profile-km, topography, geology etc) and with side label (showing field parameter, processing parameter etc.). In some cases the images are horizontally splitted into 2 or 3 overlapping fractions which can be easily merged together.

The GraphicData folder structure is analogous to the SeismicData folder and subdivided into MainData and AdditionalData. The GraphicData/MainData folder contains in the subfolders FinalStacks, FinalMigrations and AtlasData the different DPC final results in different graphic scales including the sections depicted in the DEKORP Atlas (Meissner & Bortfeld, 1990). Into the GraphicData/AdditionalData subfolder, images of old versions or special processing attempts will be added step by step later on.

File name structure is similar to the seismic data files: xxx_yyyy.ras2pbm.png, where the xxx is a sequentially increasing tape index number, if several versions exist, yyyy is the unique original tape label number and ras2pbm indicates the conversion from the original raster source via the portable bitmap.pbm into the png.format. The PDF document in the parent folder lists all PNG files again together with additional information.

5. Metadata

In the folder **MetaData** there is accompanying information to the seismic data. The subfolder **SurveyData** contains scans of the original (PRAKLA) field report including appendices, as well as the original location maps and the original evaluation of field static corrections. The scans might be overlapping and have not been merged together as they are slightly distorted by the optical scanning procedure from blueprints. Unfortunately, everything is in German language, but they are hopefully of help nevertheless.

In the subfolder **Geometry** there are ASCII tables with all source-/receiver-/CDP-, spread and static information, just in case, that for one or the other file something, e.g. the CDP coordinates, might be missing in the trace headers and have to be externally imported. The tables for **Receivers**, **Sources**, **CDP**s, the **Relation** describing the actually active spread and **Misc** (like additional particulars like static corrections if not included in the other files) are self-explaining by the first comment line in each file. The coordinates are given in the rectangular Gauß-Krüger system (Bessel ellipsoid), the used abbreviations are LOCN (geophone location), SPON (shotpoint order number), SLOC (source location), NSPON (nearest SPON to CDP), NLOC (nearest LOCN to CDP) and VEL (either weathering layer velocity or main refractor velocity in m/s). For import into maps or GIS the CDP line is additionally given in geographic coordinates (Longitude, Latitude, WGS84) in ASCII and kml format. The PDF document in the parent folder lists all Metadata files again together with additional information.

The field parameters are compiled in *Table 1* and the processing sequence in *Table 2* in Appendix A.

6. References

Barry, K.M.; Cavers, D.A.; Kneale, C.W. (1975) Report on Recommended Standards for Digital Tape Formats. Geophysics, 40/2, pp 344-352. http://doi.org/10.1190/1.1440530

Meissner, R. & Bortfield, R.K. (Eds.) (1990). DEKORP-Atlas – Results of Deutsches Kontinentales Reflexionsseismisches Programm. Springer Press, https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-642-75662-7

Stiller M. & Thomas, R. (1989). Processing of reflection-seismic data in the DEKORP Processing Center, Clausthal. In: Emmermann, R. & Wohlenberg, J. (Eds). The German Continental Deep Drilling Program (KTB). Springer Press, pp 177-232. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-642-74588-1_9

7. Appendix A

7.1. Table 1: Field parameter summary and geometry dimensions

	Passadad	August 1007	
	Recorded .	August 1987	
	by	Prakla-Seismos AG	
General information	for	Geological Survey of Lower Saxony, Germany	
	Area	East Belgium, North Rhine-Westphalia, Rhineland-Palatinate	
	Profile length / direction	93.3 km / NW – SE	
	Total data amount	15.31 GB	
	Recording system	Sercel SN 368 / MTC-01	
	Sample interval	4 ms	
	No. of channels	400	
Recording	Field filter	Lo 12.5 Hz / 18 dB Hi 62.5 Hz / 72 dB	
Recording	Noise reduction	Automatic noise-mute before correlation	
	Correlation	with filtered sweep	
	Recording format	SEG-D	
	Sweep + listening time / recording time	20 s + 16 s = 36 s (uncorrelated) / 16 s (correlated)	
	Geophone type	SM 4 (10 Hz)	
	Geophones per group	24	
	Receiver array	In-line array	
Receivers	Group spacing	40 m	
	Spread length	16 km	
	No. of geophone points	2333	
	Source type	Vibroseis (p-waves)	
	No. of vibrators	5*VVEA (each 19.4 tons, 125 kN peak-force)	
	Sweep length / range	20 s / 12 – 48 Hz	
	Pattern length	48 m	
Sources	Vertical stacking rate	5-fold	
	Recording configuration	Asymmetrical split-spread (12080 – 120 – VP – 120 – 4080 m)	
	Source point spacing	40 m	
	No. of source points	1891	
	Coverage (theor. / real)	200-fold / 162-fold	
	CDP-spacing	20 m	
CDPs	No. of CDPs	4667	
	Final datum	500 m a.s.l.	
	1	I	

Geometry dimensions

	Danaud	Lasatian	X coord.	Y coord.	Lon.	Lat.
	Record	Location	Gauss-Krueger (Bessel, Pdm)		Decimal degree (WGS84)	
Course	1	1001	2491796.	5625798.	5.88311157	50.76758870
Source	1915	3331	2569886.	5580042.	6.98135868	50.35217372
Danahuan	1	1001	2491318.	5625585.	5.87634106	50.76566704
Receiver	2333	3333	2570002.	5580076.	6.98299464	50.35246556
CDD	2004	1003	2491579.	5625636.	5.88003935	50.76612934
CDP	6670	3332	2569915.	5580061.	6.98176962	50.35234106

7.2. Table 2: Processing sequence summary

Process	Parameter		
Demultiplexing	with Gain Removal		
Output 1	FF-sorted		
CDP Sort	Crooked-Line (with Bad Trace Elimination)		
Output 2	CDP-sorted		
Analytic Gain	Spherical Divergence (T ² down to 3 s TWT)		
Static Correction	to Floating Datum		
Dynamic Correction	NMO velocities derived by 2 methods with 29 analyses (Constant Velocity Stacks with 21 CDPs and 42 test velocities, Semblance Analyses with 9 CDPs and 67 velocity functions)		
Muting	Offset-dependent (from 7 analyses, maximum 4.2 s TWT at 12 km offset)		
Scaling	Automatic Gain Control (500 ms time window)		
Static Correction	to Final Datum (500 m a.s.l)		
Residual Static Correction	Automatic subsurface-consistent		
CDP Stack	all traces (offsets -12 to 4 km, ~ 160-fold		
Bandpass Filter	Derived by 3 analyses with 51 CDPs in 3 overlapping windows (average 18-40 Hz down to 3.2 s, 16-40 Hz down to 8.5 s, 15-36 Hz down to 16 s TWT)		
Scaling	Horizontal Trace Equalisation		
Output 3 a Output 3 b	Final Stack Final Stack with summation of 2 adjacent traces		
	Final Stack with Coherency Enhancement (11 traces, 400 ms time window, dip ±7 ms/trace) Final Stack with Coherency Enhancement and Summation of 2 adjacent traces		
Output 5	Final Stack with Automatic Line-Drawing		
Resampling	to 8 ms		
Migration	Finite-Differences Method with depth interval 40 ms, Vel _{mig} derived from smoothed Vel _{rms}		
•	Final Migration Final Migration with summation of 2 adjacent traces		
	Final Migration with Coherency Enhancement(41 traces, 400 ms time window, dip ±7 ms/trace) Final Migration with Coherency Enhancement and Summation of 2 adjacent traces		
Output 8	Final Migration with Automatic Line-Drawing		

8. Appendix B

Original PHX and SEGY format descriptions and the applied transcription rules

8.1. Barry et al., (1975) Recommended Standards for Digital Tape Formats (Official SEG-Y technical standard description, revision 0)

This document has been converted from the original publication: Barry, K. M., Cavers, D. A. and Kneale, C. W., 1975, Report on recommended standards for digital tape formats: Geophysics, 40, no. 02, 344-352.

RECOMMENDED STANDARDS FOR DIGITAL TAPE FORMATS¹

K. M. BARRY², D. A. CAVERS³, AND C. W. KNEALE⁴

INTRODUCTION

Recently, a new demand for demultiplexed formats has arisen in the seismic industry due to the utilization of minicomputers in digital field recording systems, and because of a growing need to standardize an acceptable data exchange format.

In 1973 a subcommittee of the SEG committee on Technical Standards was organized to gather information and develop a nine-track, ½-inch tape, demultiplexed format for industry acceptance. Guidelines set for this new format were based on prior work and on the SEG Exchange Tape Format (Northwood et. al, 1967). As a result of the subcommittee's effort based on suggestions from industry personnel, the following demultiplexed format recommendations are made.

The present SEG Exchange Tape Format is often referred to as the SEG "Ex" Format. Because of this, it is recommended that the new demultiplexed format be designated the "SEG Y Format." The Technical Standards committee has elected to withdraw support of the SEG "Ex" Format.

The SEG Y Format was developed for application to computer field equipment and in the present data processing center with flexibility for expansion as new ideas are introduced. Current information for standardization is placed in the "fixed" portion of the format, while new ideas can be added to the unassigned portions later as expansion becomes necessary.

It is assumed that this format will accommodate the majority of field and office procedures and the techniques presently utilized.

FORMAT SPECIFICATION

The following general information describes the recommended demultiplexed format (Figure 1):

 Tape specifications, track dimensions and numbering, and all other applicable specifications shall be in accordance with IBM Form GA 22-6862 entitled "IBM 2400-Series Magnetic Tape Units Original Equipment Manufacturers' Information".

At the present time, IBM has proposed an American National Standard for the 6250 CPI group coded recording format. Should this format be used within the geophysical industry, the applicable IBM specifications would apply. The additional formatting required by this proposed method is a function of the hardware and thus becomes transparent to the user.

- 2) Either the NRZI encoded data at 800-bpi density, or the phase encoded (PE) data at 1600-bpi density may be used for recording.
- All data values are written in two's complement except the 320bit floating point format, Figure 3-A, which is sign, characteristic, and fractional part.
- 4) Data values are written in eight-bit bytes with vertical parity odd.

¹ ©1975 Society of Exploration Geophysicists. All rights reserved.

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Nine Track, 800 bpi NRZI or 1600 bpi Phase Encoded (PE) Demultiplex (Trace Sequential) Format

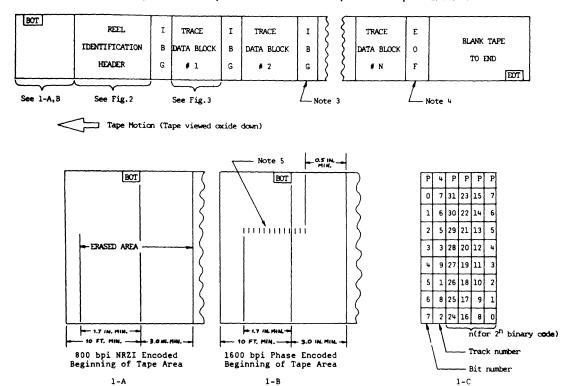


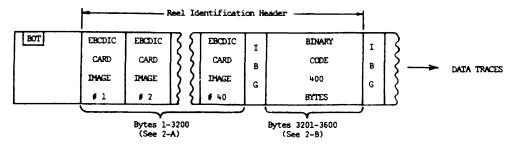
Fig. 1. Recommended demultiplexed format.

Notes:

- 1. Preamble-Proceeds each of the 45 blocks within the reel identification header and, each trace data block when 1600 bpi PE is used. Consists of 40 all-zero bytes followed by one all-ones byte.
- 2. Postamble-Follows each of the 45 blocks within the reel identification header and each trace data block when 1600 bpi PE is used. Consists of one all-ones byte followed by 40 all-zero bytes.
- 3. Interblock Gap (IBG)-Consists of 0.6" nominal, 0,5" minimum.
- 4. End of file (EQF)-Consists of an IBG followed by:
 - a) PE tape mark having 80 flux reversals at 3200 fci in bit numbers F,0,2,5,6, and 7. Bits 1,3, and 4 are dc-erased, or
 - b) NRZI tape mark having two bytes with one bits in bit numbers 3,6, and 7 separated by seven all-zero bytes
- 5. PE Identification Burst-Consists of 1600 flux reversals per inch in bit number P; all other tracks are erased.

5) Definitions:

- a) Interblock gap (IBG) Consists of erased tape for a distance of 0.6 inches nominal, 0.5 inches minimum.
- b) End of file (EOF) Consists of the 800-bpi NRZI tape mark or the 1600-bpi tape mark character, as appropriate, preceded by a standard IBG.
- c) Erased tape The tape is magnetized, full width, in a direction such that the rim end of the tape is a north-seeking pole. The readback signal from such an area shall be less than 4 percent of the average signal level at 3200 flux reversals per inch.
- d) *PE identification burst* Consists of 1600 flux reversals per inch in bit number P with all other traces DC erased. This burst is written beginning at least 1.7 inches before the trailing edge of the beginning of tape (BOT) reflective marker and continuing past the trailing edge of the marker, but ending at least 0.5 inches before the first block.
- e) Block Continuous recorded information, preceded and followed by a standard IBG. In PE (1600 bpi), a preamble precedes each block and a postamble follows each block.
- f) Preamble Consists of 41 bytes, 40 of which contain zero bits in all tracks; these



2-A EBCDIC CARD IMAGES Free form coding, left justified – 40 card images, 80 bytes per card, card image numbers 23-39 unassigned, for optional information.

- are followed by a single byte containing one bits in all tracks.
- g) Postamble Consists of 41 bytes of which the first byte contains one bits in all tracks; it is followed by 40 bytes containing zero bits in all tracks.
- h) Two's complement Positive values are the true binary number. Negative values are obtained by inverting each bit of the positive binary number and adding one (1) to the least significant bit position.
- 6) The seismic reel is divided into the reel identification header and the trace data blocks. The reel identification header section contains identification information pertaining to the entire reel and is subdivided into two blocks, the first
- containing 3200 bytes of EBCDIC card image information (equivalent of 40 cards) and the second consisting of 400 bytes of binary information. These two blocks of the reel identification header are separated from each other by an IBG. Each trace data block contains a trace identification header and the data values of the seismic channel or auxiliary channels. The reel identification header and the first trace data block are separated by an IBG.
- 7) Each seismic-trace data block is ungapped and is written in demultiplexed format with each trace data block being separated from the next by an IBG. The last trace data block on the reel is followed by one (or more) EOF>

- 8) When recorded 800 bpi (NRZI), the first block of the reel identification header begins at least 3.0 inches past the trailing edge of the BOT marker.
- 9) The following conventions pertain to the reel and trace identification headers:
 - a) All binary entries are right justified. All EBCDIC entries are left justified.
 - b) All times are in milliseconds with the exception of the sample interval which is designated in microseconds.
 - c) All frequencies are in hertz.
 - d) All frequency slopes are in dB/octave.

- e) All distances (lengths) are in feet or meters, and these systems are not mixed within a reel. The distance or measurement system used is specified in card image 7 and in bytes 3255-3256 of the reel identification header.
- f) A scaler may be applied to certain distance measurements where greater precision is required. See bytes 69-70 and 71-72 of the trace identification header.
- g) The energy source and geophone group coordinates designated in bytes 73-88 of the

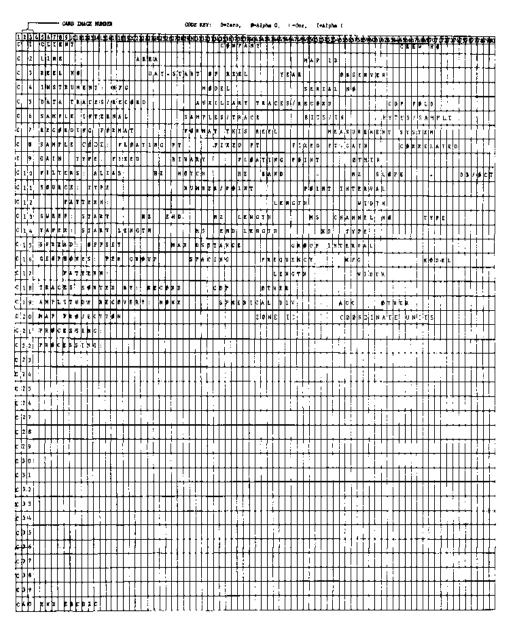


Fig. 2A. Reel identification header. Part 1, the EBCDIC card image block.

trace identification header can be measured in either length or latitude and longitude. The measurement unit used is specified in bytes 89-90 of the trace header. For the latitude/longitude system, the coordinate values are expressed in seconds of arc.

- All velocities are in feet per second or meters per second, and these units are not mixed within a reel.
- i) Elevation is represented by "+" above "—" below mean sea level.
- 10) The binary coded information convention is defined in Figure 1-C.

DESCRIPTION OF REEL IDENTIFICATION HEADER

The reel identification header (Figure 2) consists of 3600 bytes and is divided into two parts:

- 1) The card image EBCDIC block (3200) bytes—40 cards equivalent) followed by an IBG.
- The binary coded block (400 bytes) followed by an IBG.

The EBCDIC part of the reel header describes the data from a line of shotpoints in a fixed specified format consisting of 40 card images with each image containing 80 bytes. All unused card image characters are EBCDIC Blank. Card image numbers 23 through 39 are unassigned for optional use. Each card image should contain the character "C" in the first card column. Each 80 bytes would yield one line of format print to produce the form shown in Figure 2-A.

The binary coded section of the reel header consists of 400 bytes of information common to the seismic data on the related reel as shown in Figure 2-B. There are 60 bytes assigned; 340 are unassigned for optional use.

There are certain bytes of information that may not apply to a particular recording or processing procedure. It is strongly recommended that bytes designated with an asterisk (*) in Figures 2-B and 3-E always contain the required information

The data in the reel identification header could be printed and edited prior to the actual input of seismic data for processing. A complete header listing of both the EBCDIC and binary parts would accompany an exchange tape and serve as a table of contents and summary of specifications for that reel* of seismic data. No more than one line of seismic data is permitted on any one reel. Additional reels would be used for long lines, and each reel must start with a reel identification header.

DESCRIPTION OF THE TRACE DATA BLOCK

Each trace data block (Figure 3) consists of a fixed 240-byte trace identification header and the seismic trace data block is separated from the next by an IBG. The trace header is written in binary code (refer to Figure 1-C for the binary code information) and is detailed in Figure 3-E.

The trace data samples can be written in one of the four data sample formats described in Figures 3-A, 3-B, 3-C, and 3-D. The trace data format for each reel is identified in bytes 3225-3226 of the reel identification header. Only one data sample format is permitted within each reel.

Figure 3-A details a 32-bit, floating point format in which each data value of a seismic channel is recorded in four successive bytes, in IBM compatible floating point notation as defined in IBM Form GA 22-6821.

The four bytes form a 32-bit word consisting of the sign bit Q_S , a seven-bit characteristic Q_C , and a 24-bit fraction Q_F . Q_S indicates signal polarity and is a one for a negative value. Q_C signifies a power of 16 expressed in excess 64 binary notation allowing both negative and positive powers of 16 to be represented by a true number. Q_F is a six hexadecimal digit (24 amplitude recovery can be described in the binary bit) number with a radix point to the left of the significant digit. The data value represented by a floating point number is

Figure 3-B details a 32-bit, fixed point format and each data value of a seismic channel is recorded in four successive bytes. This format consists of a sign bit $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{S}}$ (one represents negative) and 31 data bits $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{D}}$ with a radix point at the right of the least significant digit.

Figure 3-C represents a 16-bit, fixed point format, and each data value of a seismic channel is recorded in two successive bytes. This format is similar to figure 3-B except there are 15 data bits \mathbf{Q}_{D} .

Figure 3-D represents a 32-bit, fixed point format with gain values. The first byte of this format is all zeros. The second byte provides eight available gain bits 2^0 through 2^7 . The last two bytes are identical to Figure 3-C.

In all four data formats, the channel or trace data should represent the absolute input voltage at the recording instrument. The 32-bit, floating point field format defined as the SEG C (Meiners et al, 1972) comprehends the input voltage level. The fixed point formats 3-B and 3-C require a trace weighting factor

(trace identification header, bytes 169-170), defined as 2⁻ⁿ volts for the least significant bit, to comprehend the absolute input voltage level.

In cases where processing parameters such as amplitude recovery are present, the type of amplitude recovery can be described in the appropriate reel identification header sections, and the algorithm described in the unassigned portions.

CONCLUSION

Individual oil companies and contractors may be convinced of their own format's merits, but the use of this recommended exchange demultiplexed format must be given serious consideration in order to achieve some level of industry standardization. Such thought and many suggestions from users have been utilized in establishing a flexible format that yields specifics and can be used by all companies in the industry.

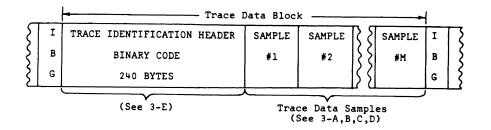
Adoption and use of this format will save substantial sums of money in computer time and programming effort in the future.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

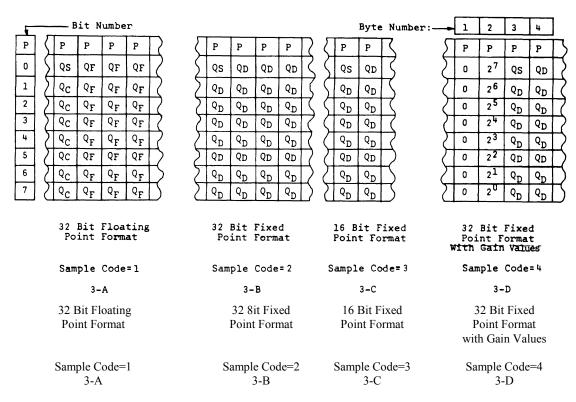
Grateful appreciation goes to many companies and individuals for their suggestions at the start of the subcommittees' work and for their final recommendations. We are also for the assistance of Fred Tischler, Texas Instruments, who was the original subcommittee chairman.

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Meiners E. P., Lenz, L. L., Dalby, A. E., and Hornsby, J. M., 1972, Recommended standards for digital tape formats: Geophysics, v. 37, p. 36-44. Northwood E. J., Wisinger, R. C., and Bradley J. J., 1967, Recommended standards for digital tape formats: Geophysics, v. 32, p. 1073-1084.



TRACE DATA SAMPLE FORMATS



NOTE: Least significant bit is always in bit position 7 of byte 4 (or byte 2 for 3-C).

 $Q_S = Sign bit$

 Q_C = Characteristic

 $Q_F = Fraction$

 $Q_D = Data bits$

FIG. 3A-D. Trace data block. Four data sample options.

2-B. BINARY CODE-Right justified

Byte Numbers		<u>Description</u>					
3201-3204		Job identification number.					
3205-3208	*	Line number (only one line per	reel).				
3209-3212	*	Reel number.					
3213-3214	*	Number of data traces per reco depth point).	Number of data traces per record (includes dummy and zero traces inserted to fill out the record or common				
3215-3216	*	Number of auxiliary traces per	record (includes sweep	, timing, gain, sync,	and all other nondata traces).		
3217-3218	*	Sample interval in usec (for thi		Designated in mic accommodate sam	roseconds to		
3219-3220		Sample interval in µsec (for or	riginal field recording).				
3221-3222	*	Number of samples per data tra					
3223-3224		Number of samples per data tra	ace (for original field re-	cording).			
3225-3226	*	Data sample format code:	1 = floating point (4 2 = fixed point (4 by		3 = fixed point (2 bytes) 4 = fixed point w/gain code		
		Auxiliary traces use the same n	number of bytes per sam	ple. (4 bytes)			
3227-3228	*	CDP fold (expected number of	data traces per CDP en	semble).			
3229-3230		Trace sorting code:	1 = as recorded (no s	orting)	3 = single fold continuous profile		
			2 = CDP ensemble		4 = horizontally stacked		
3231-3232		Vertical sum code:	1 = no sum, 2 = two	sum,, N = N sum	N = 32,767		
3233-3234		Sweep frequency at start.					
3235-3236		Sweep frequency at end.					
3237-3238		Sweep length (msec).					
3239-3240		Sweep type code:	1= linear 2= parabolic		3 = exponential 4 = other		
3241-3242		Trace number of sweep channe	el.				
3243-3244					time and is effective for this length).		
3245-3246				per starts at sweep le	ength minus the taper length at end).		
3247-3248		Taper type:	1 = linear		3 = other		
			$2 = \cos 2$				
3249-3250		Correlated data traces:	1 = no		2 = yes		
3251-3252		Binary gain recovered:	1 = yes		2 = no		
3253-3254		Amplitude recovery method:	1 = none		3 = AGC		
			2 = spherical diverge	ence	4 = other		
3255-3256		Measurement system:	1 = meters		2 = feet		
3257-3258		Impulse signal	negative number	on tape.	none case movement gives		
		Polarity	2 = Increase in pressi positive number		none case movement gives		
3259-3260		Vibratory polarity code:	Seismic signal lags p	oilot signal by:			
		1 =	337.5° to				
		2 =	22.5° to				
		3 =	67.5° to				
		4 =	112.5° to				
		5 =	157.5° to				
		6 =	202.5° to				
		7 =	247.5° to				
		8 =	292.5° to	337.5°			
3261-3600		Unassigned – for optional info	rmation.				

^{*}Strongly recommended that this information always be recorded.

Byte					
Numbers	<u>Description</u>				
1 - 4	* Trace sequence number within linenumbers continue to increase if additional reels are require on same line.				
5 - 8	Trace sequence number within reeleach reel starts with trace number one.				
9 –12	* Original field record n		starts with trace number one.		
13-16	* Trace number within t				
17-20			than one record occurs at the same effective surface		
17-20	location.	nberused when more	than one record occurs at the same effective surface		
21-24	CDP ensemble number				
25-28	Trace number within the	CDP ensembleeach	ensemble starts with trace number one.		
29-30	* Trace identification co				
	1 = seismic data	4 = time break	7 = timing		
	2 = dead	5 = uphole	8 = water break		
	3 = dummy	6 = sweep	9N = optional use		
	-	•	(N = 32,767)		
31-32	2	nmed traces yielding t	his trace. (1 is one trace, 2 is two summed traces,		
22.24	etc.)	. 1 1	4: 4		
33-34	etc.)	stacked traces yielding	this trace. (1 is one trace, 2 is two stacked traces,		
35-36	Data use: 1 = production	1.2 = test.			
37-40	-		negative if opposite to direction in which line is		
	shot).	5 1 \			
41-44	Receiver group elevation negative.	n; all elevations above	sea level are positive and below sea level are		
45-48	Surface elevation at sour	rce			
49-52	Source depth below surf		•)		
53-56	Datum elevation at recei		<i>)</i> .		
57-60	Datum elevation at source.				
61-64	Water depth at source.				
65- 68	Water depth at group.				
69-70		ll elevations and depth	s specified in bytes 41-68 to give the real value.		
	Scaler = 1, +10, +100, +1000, or +10,000. If positive, scaler is used as a multiplier; if negative				
	scaler is used as a diviso				
71-72	Scaler to be applied to a	ll coordinates specified	I in bytes 73-88 to give the real value. Scaler = 1 ,		
	+10, +100, +1000, or +1				
			ative, scaler is used as divisor.		
73-76	Source coordinate - X.		dinate units are in seconds of		
			values represent longitude and		
77-80	Source coordinate - Y.		es latitude. A positive value		
		_	the number of seconds east of		
81-84	Group coordinate - X.		Meridian or north of the equator		
0.5.00			tive value designates the number		
85-88	Group coordinate - Y.		south or west.		
89-90	Coordinate units: 1 = ler	igth (meters or feet). 2	= seconds of arc.		
91-92	Weathering velocity.				
93-94	Subweathering velocity.				
95-96	Uphole time at source.				
97-98	Uphole time at group.				
99-100	Source static correction.				
101-102	Group static correction.	ro if no atatio bas been	applied)		
103-104	Total static applied. (Zero if no static has been applied,)				

FIG. 3E. Trace identification header written in binary code.

Digital Tape Format

Byte	
Numbers	Description
105-106	Lag time A. Time in ms. between end of 240-byte trace identification header and time break.
103-100	Positive if time break occurs after end of header, negative if time break occurs before end of
	header. Time break is defined as the initiation pulse which may be recorded on an auxiliary trace
	or as otherwise specified by the recording system.
107-108	Lag Time B. Time in ms. between time break and the initiation time of the energy source. May be
107-100	positive or negative.
109-110	Delay according time. Time in ms. between initiation time of energy source and time when
100 110	recording of data samples begins. (for deep water work if data recording does not start at zero
	time.)
111-112	brute timestart.
113-114	Mute timeend.
115-116	* Number of samples in this trace.
117-118	* Sample interval in µsec for this trace.
119-120	Gain type of field instruments: $1 = \text{fixed}$. $2 = \text{binary}$. $3 = \text{floating point}$.
	4 N = optional use.
121-122	Instrument gain constant.
123-124	Instrument early or initial gain (dB).
125-126	Correlated: $1 = \text{no. } 2 = \text{yes}$.
127-128	Sweep frequency at start.
129-130	Sweep frequency at end.
131-132	Sweep length in ms.
133-134	Sweep type: 1 = linear. 2 = parabolic. 3 = exponential. 4 = other.
135-136	Sweep trace taper length at start in ms.
137-138	Sweep trace taper length at end in ms.
139-140	Taper type: $1 = \text{linear}$. $2 = \cos 2$. $3 = \text{other}$.
141-142	Alias filter frequency, if used.
143-144	Alias filter slope
145-146	Notch filter frequency, if used.
147-148	Notch filter slope.
149-150	Low cut frequency, if used.
151-152	High cut frequency, if used.
153-154	Low cut slope
155-156	High cut slope
157-158	Year data recorded.
159-160	Day of year.
161-162	Hour of day (24 hour clock)
163-164	Minute of hour.
165-166	Second of minute.
167-168	Time basis code: $I = local$. $2 = GMT$. $3 = other$.
169-170	Trace weighting factordefined as 2-N volts for the least significant bit. $(N = 0, 1, 32, 767.)$
171-172	Geophone group number of roll switch position one.
173-174	Geophone group number of trace number one within original field record.
175-176	Geophone group number of last trace within original field record.
177-178	Gap size (total number of groups dropped).
179-180	Overtravel associated with taper at beginning or end of line:
	I = down (or behind). $2 = up (or ahead)$.
181-240	Unassigned—for optional information.

^{*} Strongly recommended that this information always be recorded.

FIG. 3E. Trace identification header written in binary code (cont.)

8.2. SCC/SSL Manual: implemented 'SEGY' Tape Format Description

'SEGY' SEGY TAPE FORMAT

TRACE HEADER

Note: FS - Format Specific (SEGY - SEGY) words not lost.

Trace Driver			
Mnemonics	SEGY	PHXF	Description
TSNL	1,2	112,113	Process Trace Counter
FS02	3,4	96,97	Reel Trace Counter
FFNO	5,6	5	Field File Number
FFTR	7,8	6	Field File Trace Number
ESPN	9,10	3	Energy Source Point Number
CDPN	11,12	1,2	CDP Number
CDPT	13,14	4	CDP Trace Number
SY ID	15	118	Flag Word
FS03	16	98,99	
NHST	17	14	Fold After Stack
FS04	18	100,101	
AD IS	19,20	43,44	Distance
FS05	21,22	102,103	
FS06	23,24	104,105	0
DSAC	25,26	18	Depth of the Shot Nearest CDP
FS07	27,28	106,107	
FS08	29,30	108,109	
FS09	31,32	110,111	
FS10	33,34	124,125	V-1 1
FS11	35	126,127	Value = 1
FS12	36	128,129	<pre>Yalue = 1 Source X Coordinate</pre>
SCOX	37,38	60,61	
SCOY	39,40	62,63 64,65	Source Y Coordinate Receiver X Coordinate
RECX	41,42	66,67	Receiver Y Coordinate
RECY FS13	43,44	130,131	Receiver i coordinate
FS14	46	132,133	
FS15	47	134,135	
UTSA	48	19	Uphole time of the shot nearest this CDP
FS16	49	136,137	ophore time of the shot hearest this doi
FS17	50	138,139	(See Note below)
DEDS	51	11	Trace Static Number 2, Weathering (See Note below)
LGTA	52	12	Trace Static Number 3, Bulk (See Note below)
FS18	53,54	140,141	Trade dadid hamber by bark toda hada berony
TFS	55	13	Time of First Sample

Note: FS17, DEDS, LGTA, see the Static Value Conversion Table.



Trace Driver			
Mnemonics	SEGY	PHXF	Description
FS19 FS20 FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS53 FS54 FS57 FS58 FS61 FS62 FS62 FS63 FS63 FS63 FS63 FS63 FS63 FS63 FS63	56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74	142,143 144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 195 196 199 200 203 204 205 208 209 180 181	Processing Samples (Tape Common Block) Sample Rate (Tape Common * 1000) Value = 1
FS41 FS42 FS42 PRNHN SC445 FS445 FS445 FS45 FS47 FS5529 FS55339 FS556 FS5531 FS556 FS556 FS556 FS556 FS556 FS556 FS556 FS556 FS560	77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95,96 97,98 99 100 101,102 103,104 105	182 183 184 35 36 37 38 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 27 192 193 194 162,163 164,165 197 198 166,167 168,169 201 202	Day of Year data was recorded Hour of Day Minute of Hour Second of Minute Inverse Trace Counter Within CDP

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Trace Driver Mnemonics	SEGY	P HXF	Description	
FS33 FS34 LRNO LRTR FS35 FS64 FS65 FS36 FS37	107,108 109,110 111 112 113,114 115 116 117,118 119,120	170,171 172,173 7 8 174,175 206 207 176,177 178,179	Record Index Number Record Index Trace Number	

Static Value Conversion Table

Static	. value	COLLAG	er 3 TOIL TABLE				PH	(F Word	1 25
SEGY Wd 50	SEGY Wd 51	SEGY Wd 52	Conditions	PHXF Wd 10	PHXF Wd 11	PHXF Wd 12	Stati	cs App	olied
50	51	52	52=50+51 and 52≠0	This	0	52	0	0	1
50	51	52	52=50 and 52≠0	word	50	51	0	1	0
50	51	52	52=51 and 52≠0	is	51	50	0	1	0
50	51	52	52=0	always	0	50+51	0	0	0
50	51	52	52#50+51, 52#0, 52#0, 52#51, 50#0 OR 51#0, AND 52 < 50+51	zero	50+51 -52	52	0	0	1
50	51	52	52#50+51, 52#0, 52#50, 52#51 AND (50=51=0 OR 52 > 50+51)		50+51	52	0	0	1

This table describes the handling of statics words when converting 'SEGY' to 'PHXF' format.

50 = the value in SEGY trace header word 50

51 = the value in SEGY trace header word 51

52 = the value in SEGY trace header word 52

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'PHXF' Word 25

PHXF Bit 5	PHXF Bit 6	PHXF BIT 7	to	SEGY Wd 50	SEGY WD 51	SEGY Wd 52
0	0	0		0	10+11+12	0
0	0	1		0	10+11	12
0	1	1		0	10	11+12
1	1	1		 0	0	10+11+12
0	1	0		0.	10+12	11
1	0	0		0	11+12	10
1	0	1		0	11	10+12
1	1	0		0, 1	12	10+11

Description of 'SEGY' Reel Identification Header

The SEGY reel identification header consists of 3600 bytes and is divided INTO two parts:

- The card image EBCDIC block (3200 bytes 40 images equivalent) followed by an IRG.
- 2. The binary coded block (400 bytes) followed by an IRG.

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SEGY EBCDIC Header

EBCDIC IMAGES: Free form coding, left justified - 40 images. 80 bytes per image - image numbers 23 - 39 unassigned, for optional information.

C 1 CLIENT C 2 LINE AREA C 3 REEL NO DAY	COMPANY MAP I Y-START OF REEL YEAR	CREW NO D OBSERVER
C 4 INSTRUMENT: MFG C 5 DATA TRACES/RECORD C 6 SAMPLE INTERVAL C 7 RECORDING FORMAT C 8 SAMPLE CODE: C 9 GAIN TYPE:	COMPANY MAP I Y-START OF REEL YEAR MODEL SERIA AUXILIARY TRACES/RECORD (US) SAMPLES/TRACE BIT FORMAT THIS REEL M FROM SHOT	L NO CDP FOLD S/IN BYTES/SAMPLE HEASUREMENT SYSTEM TO SHOT
C10 FILTERS: C11 SOURCE: TYPE C12 PATTERN: C13 SWEEP: START HZ C14 TAPER: START LENGTH	NUMBER/POINT POINT LENGTH END HZ LENGTH MS MS END LENGTH MS MAX DISTANCE GROUP I SPACING FREQUENCY LENGTH PROJECT ZONE ID GATION SYSTEM DEPTH SHOOTIN	INTERVAL WIDTH CHANNEL NO TYPE TYPE
C15 SPREAD: OFFSET C16 GEOPHONES: PER GROUP C17 PATTERN: C18 TRACES SORTED BY:	MAX DISTANCE GROUP I SPACING FREQUENCY LENGTH PROJECT	INTERVAL MFG MODEL WIDTH LINE ID
C19 AMPLITUDE RECOVERY: C20 MAP PROJECTION C21 FIELD SUM NAVI	ZONE ID GATION SYSTEM DEPTH SHOOTI	PROCESSED BY COORDINATE UNITS RECORDING PARTY NG DIRECTION
C23 C24 C25 C26	52. III	
C27 C28 C29 C30		
C31 C32 C33 C34		
C35 C36 C37 C38		
C39 C40 END EBCDIC		

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'SEGY' Binary Reel Header

The Binary header consists of 400 bytes of integer data as defined below.

Byte	Word	
Numbers	Number	<u>Description</u>
*3201-3204	01	Job identification number.
*3205-3208	02	Line number (only one line per reel).
*3209-3212	03	Current reel number.
*3213,3214	1h-04	Number of data traces per record (includes dummy and zero
		traces inserted to fill out the record or common depth point).
3215,3216	rh-04	Number of auxiliary traces per record (includes sweep,
		timing, gain, sync and all other non-data traces).
*3217,3218	1h-05	Sample interval in microseconds (for this reel).
*3219,3220	rh-05	Sample interval in microseconds (original reel).
*3221,3222	1h-06	Number of samples per data trace (this reel).
*3223,3224	rh-06	Number of samples per data trace (original recording),
*3225,3226	1h-07	Data sample format code: (Auxiliary is the same). 1 = IBM floating point (32 bits or 4 bytes)
		2 = 32-bit fixed point (twos compliment)
		3 = 16-bit fixed point (twos compliment)
		4 = Fixed point with gain (4 bytes)
		5 = 36-bit Univac floating point
*3227,3228	rh-07	CDP fold (expected number of data traces per CDP ensemble),
0227,0220	111 37	or (maximum fold).
*3229,3230	1h-08	Trace sorting code:
3 (3) (3) 2 (3) (3) (4)		<pre>1 = As recorded (no sorting)</pre>
		2 = CDP ensemble
		<pre>3 = Single fold continuous profile</pre>
		<pre>4 = Horizontally stacked</pre>
*3231,3232	rh-08	<pre>Vertical sum code: 1 = no sum, 2 = two sum, etc.</pre>
3233,3234	1h-09	Sweep frequency at start.
3235,3236	rh-09	Sweep frequency at end.
3237,3238	1h-10	Sweep length (milliseconds).
3239,3240	rh-10	Sweep type code: 1 = linear 3 = exponential
2241 2242	76 11	2 = parabolic 4 = other
3241,3242	1h-11	Trace number of sweep channel. Sweep trace taper length in milliseconds at start if
3243,3244	rh-11	tapered (the taper starts at zero time and is effective
		for this long).
3245,3246	1h-12	Sweep trace taper length in milliseconds at end (the ending
3243,3240	111 12	taper starts at sweep length minus the taper length at end).
3247,3248	rh-12	Taper type: 1 = linear 3 = AGC
JE 17 , JE 10	111 24	$2 = (\cos)^{**}2$
3249,3250	1h-13	Correlated data traces: 1 = no 2 = yes
3251,3252	rh-13	Binary gain recovered: 1 = yes 2 = no
5) 0		

*Note: These fields are set by the SSC TRACE DRIVER.

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Byte Numbers	Word Number	Description
3253,3254	1h-14	Amplitude recovery method: 1 = none 2 = spherical divergence 3 = AGC 4 = other
*3255,3256 3257,3258	rh-14 1h-15	Measurement system: 1 = meters, 2 = feet Impulse signal polarity: 1 = increase in pressure or upward geophone case movement gives negative number on tape. 2 = increase in pressure or upward geophone case movement gives positive number on tape.
3259,3260	rh-15	
*3261,3262	1h-16	Trace header length in bytes.
3263-3600	rh16- rh60	Optional information (not used at this time).

*Note: These fields are set by the SSC TRACE DRIVER.

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Trace Header Layout, 'SEGY' Format

Byte Numbers	Description
1-4	* Trace sequence number within line; numbers continue to increase if additional reels are required on same line.
5-8	* Trace sequence number within reel; each reel starts with trace number one.
9-12	* Original field record number.
13-16	* Trace number within the original field record.
17-20	Energy source point number; used when more than one record occurs at at the same effective surface location.
21-24	CDP ensemble number.
25-28	Trace number within the CDP ensemble; each ensemble starts with
	trace number one.
29,30	* Trace identification code:
	1 = seismic data 4 = time break 7 = timing
	2 = dead 5 = uphole 8 = water break
	3 = dummy $6 = sweep$ $9 to N = optional use (N=32,767)$
31,32	Number of vertically summed traces yielding this trace. (1 is one
	trace, 2 is two summed traces, etc.)
33,34	Number of horizontally stacked traces yielding this trace. (1 is
25 26	one trace, 2 is two summed traces, etc.)
35,36	Data use: 1 = production, 2 = test.
37-40	Distance from source point to receiver group (negative if opposite to direction in which line is shot).
41-44	Receiver group elevation; all elevations above sea level are positive and below sea level are negative.
45-48	Surface elevation at source.
49-52	Source depth below surface (a positive number).
53-56	Datum elevation at receiver group.
57-60	Datum elevation at source.
61-64	Water depth at source.
65-68	Water depth at group.
69,70	Scaler to be applied to all elevations and depths specified in
	bytes 41-68 to give the real value. Scaler = 1, ± 10 , ± 100 , ± 1000 , or $\pm 10,000$. If positive, scaler is used as a multiplier;
71 70	if negative, scaler is used as a divisor. Scaler to be applied to all coordinates specified in bytes 73-88 to
71,72	give the real value. Scalar = 1, ± 10 , ± 100 , ± 1000 or ± 10 ,000. If
	positive, scaler is used as a multiplier; if negative, scaler is used as a divisor.
73-76	Source coordinate X. Note: If the coordinate units are in seconds
77-80	of arc, the X values represent Source coordinate Y. longitude and the Y values latitude.
81-84	A positive value designates the number Group coordinate X. of seconds east of Greenwich Meridian or north of the equator and a negative
85-88	Group coordinate Y. south or west.
*Note:	It is strongly recommended that this information always be recorded.

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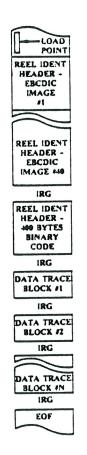
Byte Numbers	Description
89,90 91,92 93,94 95,96 97,98	Coordinate units: 1 = length (meters or feet) 2 = seconds of arc. Weathering velocity. Subweathering velocity. Uphole time at source. Uphole time at group.
99,100	Source static correction.
101,102	Group static correction. Total static applied. (Zero if no static has been applied)
103,104 105,106	Lag Time A. Time in milliseconds between end of 240-byte trace identification header and time break. Positive if time break occurs after end of header, negative if time break occurs before end of header. Time break is defined as the initiation pulse which may be recorded on an auxiliary trace or as otherwise specified by the recording system.
107,108	Lag Time B. Time in milliseconds between time break and the initiation time of the energy source. May be positive or negative.
109,110	Delay recording time. Time in milliseconds between initiation time of energy source and time when recording of data samples begins. (For deep water work if data recording does not start at zero time.)
111,112	Mute time, start.
113,114	Mute time, end.
115,116	* Number of samples in this trace.
117,118	* Sample interval in microseconds for this trace.
119,120	Gain type of field instruments: $1 = fixed$, $2 = binary$, $3 = floating point$, $4 to N = optional use$.
121,122	Instrument gain constant.
123,124	Instrument early or initial gain (db).
125,126	Correlated: $1 = no, 2 = yes.$
127,128	Sweep frequency at start.
129,130	Sweep frequency at end.
131,132	Sweep length in milliseconds.
133,134	Sweep type: 1 = linear, 2 = parabolic, 3 = exponential, 4 = other.
135,136	Sweep trace taper length at start in milliseconds.
137,138	Sweep trace taper length at end in milliseconds. Taper type: $1 = 1$ inear, $2 = \cos^2$, $3 = $ other.
139,140	Alias filter frequency, if used.
141,142 143,144	Alias filter slope
145,144	Notch filter frequency, if used.
147,148	Notch filter slope.
149,150	Low cut frequency, if used.
151,152	High cut frequency, if used.
153,154	Low cut slope.
155,156	High cut slope.
157,158	Year data recorded.

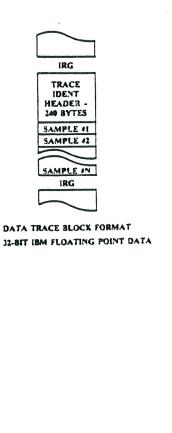
 $*\underline{\text{Note}}$: It is strongly recommended that this information always be recorded.

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Byte Numbers	Description
159,160	Day of year.
161,162	Hour of day (24 hour clock).
163,164	Minute of hour.
165,166	Second of minute.
167,168	Time basis code: 1 = local, 2 = GMT, 3 = other.
169,170	Trace weighting factor - defined as 2-N volts for the least
	significant bit. $(N = 0, 1, \dots 32767)$.
171,172	Geophone group number of roll switch position one.
173,174	Geophone group number of trace number one within original field
,	record.
175,176	Geophone group number of last trace within original field record.
177,178	Gap size (total number of groups dropped)
179,180	Overtravel associated with taper at beginning or end of
,	line: 1 = down (or behind), 2 = up (or ahead).
181-240	Unassigned - for optional information.

'SEGY' Tape Format





8.3. SSC/SSL Manual: 'PHXI' Phoenix 'I' Tape Format Description

'PHXI' PHOENIX 'I' TAPE FORMAT

Trace Driver Mnemonics	External PHXI	Internal PHXF	Description
CDP N ESP T FFTNO FFTNO FFTNO FFTNO FFTNO LRTST DEDTA TFS T NSP AC DAYSR CLO FLGT IND SLUTS MULAS MULAS TSN TSN TSN TSN TSN TSN TSN TSN TSN TS	1,2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21,22 23,24 25 26 27 28 29,30 31 32	1,2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Hex 8000 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21,22 23,24 25 26 27 28 29,30 31 32	CDP Number SPON CDP Trace Number Field File Number Field File Trace R.I. Number R.I. Trace Distance Static Word 1 Static Word 2 Static Word 3 Time of First Sample Fold SPON Above CDP Elevation of Nearest CDP Datum Elevation Depth of Shot Uphole Time Average Elevation Receiver Location Source Location Flag Word Flag Word Inverse Trace Counter Unassigned Nearest Surface Location Multiplex Skew Trace set numbers: upper byte - scan type number lower byte - channel set number
AUTS CSTR DAYR HRDY MNHR SCMN NUO2 NUO3 NUO4 NUO5 AD IS NUO6 CNTS PTRN	33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43,44 45 46 47,48	33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43,44 45 46 47,48	Automatic Static Cost Residual Static Day of Year Hour of Day Minute of Hour Second of Minute Unassigned Unassigned Unassigned Unassigned Copy Number of Trace Original IPN Number

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TRACE DRIVER 'PHXI'

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Note: If 'PHXF' words 43,44 are greater or equal to 32,767, then word 9 of 'PHXI' X '8000' and Words 43,44 of 'PHXF' go to 43,44 of 'PHXI' header.

If 'PHXF' words 43,44 are less than 32,767 words, then 43,44 of 'PHXF' go to word 9 of 'PHXI' header.

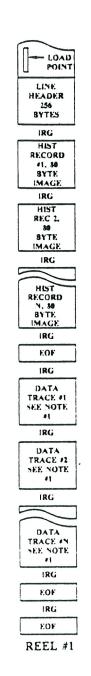
'PHXF' word 9 is always HEX 8000.

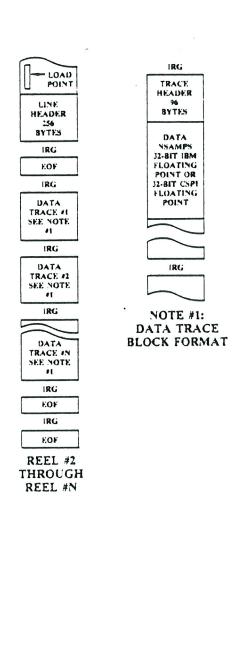
Line Header Description

The following is a description of the 'PHXI' line header. The line header is 128 16-bit words long.

Header Word	Description
1-9	Not used
10	Number of samples
11	Not used
12	Number of channels
13	Fold
14	Not used
15-18	8 character ASCII date of creation
19-21	6 character reel identification
22	Reel sequence, 1 - 32767
23	Not used
24	Data format: 4 - IBM 32-bit floating point
	7 - CSPI 32-bit floating point
	10 - Integer 16-bit two's complement
25,26	Floating point sampling rate, in milliseconds
27-29	Not used
30	Sampling rate in microseconds
31	Type of tape format, Value = 1
32-128	Not Used

'PHXI' PHOENIX 'I' Tape Format





8.3. SSC/SSL Manual: 'PHXI' Phoenix 'I' Tape Format Description

'PHXF' PHOENIX FAMILY TAPE FORMAT

Trace Driver Mnemonics	Trace Header Word	Description
CDPN	1,2	Common depth point number (2-D processing); assigned by geometry generation routines.
ESPN	3	Source position order number; assigned by geometry generation routines.
CDPT	4	Sequential trace number within sort group; initially assigned by geometry generation routines assuming shot ordered data, reassigned by sorting routines.
FFNO	5	Original field file number
FFTR	6	Original field file trace number
LRNO	7	Record index number; assigned by demultiplexing or
LKNO	•	reformatting routines.
LRTR	8	Record index trace number; assigned by demultiplexing or reformation routines.
DIST	9	Always X '8000'
DTST	10	Trace static correction type 1 (normally datum)
DEDS	11	Trace static correction type 2 (normally weathering)
LGTA	12	Trace static correction type 3 (normally a bulk static)
TFS	13 .	Time of first sample (integer milliseconds)
NHST	14	Fold of this CDP after stacking
NSPN	15	Nearest SPON above this CDP
ELAC	16	Elevation of the nearest location above this CDP
DLAC	17	Datum elevation of the nearest location above this CDP
DSAC	18	Depth of the shot nearest this CDP
UTSA	19	Uphole time of the shot nearest this CDP
AVSR	20	Average elevations of all sources and receivers contributing to this CDP.
RCLC	21,22	Receiver location number for this trace
STNO	23,24	Source location number for this trace
FLG1	25	32-bit flag word for this trace, bits 1-16 (See Note)
FLG2	26	32-bit flag word for this trace, bits 17-32 (See Note)
INTC	27	Inverse trace counter within CDP
NUO1	28	Unassigned
SLAC	29,30	Nearest surface location above CDP
MULS	31	Multiplex skew (milliseconds)
TSNS	32	Trace set numbers: upper byte - Scan type number lower byte - Channel set number
AUTS	33	Some type of automatic static
CSTR	34	Unassigned
DAYR	35	Day of year data was recorded

Note: For more information refer to Section V. FLAG WORD DESCRIPTION

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Trace Driver Mnemonics	Trace Header Word	Description
HRDY MN HR SCMN NUO2	36 37 38 39	Hour of day Minute of hour Second of minute Unassigned
NUO3 NUO4 NUO5	40 41 42	Unassigned Unassigned Unassigned
ADIS NUO6 CNTS	43,44 45 46	Actual distance Unassigned Copy number of trace
PTRN SCLR	47,48 49	Original IPN number Scalar to be applied to shot, receiver & bin X, Y coordinates; negative for division, positive for multipler. Allowed values $1, \pm 10, \pm 100, \pm 1000, \pm 10000$ - unassigned
AUSN ATRI TNTG OLNT	50,51 52,53 54 55	ASCII user assigned source number ASCII special trace group identifier Trace number within special trace group Original line number of this trace; used for 3-D processing
SODL RODL SCOY RECY RECY CDPY CD3Y STAW SUEL UDEY SUEL SUES FLDE UDES FLDE	56,57 58,59 60,61 62,63 64,65 66,67 70,71 72 73 74,75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88	of prospects that were shot as a series of 2-D lines. Source to original distance along line Receiver to origin distance along line Source X coordinate Source Y coordinate Receiver X coordinate Receiver Y coordinate CDP bin X coordinate; 3-D processing CDP bin Y coordinate; 3-D processing CDP bin code X; 3-D portion CDP bin code Y; 3-D portion Stacking weight to apply to this trace (Floating Point) Surface elevation over CDP Floating datum elevation over CDP User datum elevation over CMP Floating datum elevation over CMP Surface of elevation over CMP Surface elevation for source Floating datum elevation for source User datum elevation for source User datum elevation for receiver Floating datum elevation for receiver User datum elevation for receiver User datum elevation for receiver Depth of source at source location
DSRL UP HS UP HR ZERO	89 90,91 92,93 94,95	Depth of source at receiver location Uphole time at source location (integer milliseconds) Uphole time at receiver location (integer milliseconds) Unassigned

Trace Driver Mnemonics	Trace Header Word	Description
ZERO ZERO ZERO ZERO ZERO ZERO ZERO ZERO	96,97 98,99 100,101 102,103 104,105 106,107 108,109 110,111	Unassigned
TSNL WDSL WDRL WEYL SWYL SY ID	112,113 114 115 116 117 118	Trace sequence number within line; corresponds with first four bytes in SEGY trace header. Water depth at source location Water depth at receiver location Weathering velocity at CDP Subweathering velocity at DDP SEGY trace identification code: 1 = data 4 = time break 7 = timing 2 = dead 5 = uphole 8 = water break
COOR	119	3 = dummy 6 = sweep 9 - 32767 = user defined Coordinate units: 1 = length
MUST MUETT MUTT ZERO EYNR D1WR D2WR SNRC SNSC RSNS NSP2 DSN2 SSN2 RSN2 UPT2 TSTR TSUM	120 121 122,123 124-209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224	2 = seconds of arc (SEGY standard) Mute end time (initialize to 0) Mute end time Mute taper time in milliseconds Unassigned Elevation velocity at nearest Rec. to CMP Depth of 1st weathering layer at nearest rec. to CMP Depth of 2nd weathering layer at nearest rec. to CMP Static of nearest receiver to CMP Shot static of nearest SPON to CMP Residual static of nearest spON to CMP Residual static of nearest SPON to CMP Second nearest SPON to CMP Depth of shot second nearest to CMP Shot static of second nearest to CMP Residual static of second nearest to CMP Total static for shot Total static for receiver Actual static applied trace (not necessarily sum of TSTS + TSTR)
TMIN TMAX SHLN RGLN WCSH WCRE ECSH ECRE	225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232	Tmin for the trace Tmax for the trace Source point line number Receiver group line number Water/weathering correction at source Water/weathering correction at receiver Elevation correction at source Elevation correction at receiver

Trace Driver Mnemonics	Trace Header Word	Description
ECSH	231	Elevation correction at source
ECRE	232	Elevation correction at receiver
EYCD	233	Elevation velocity at this CMP
STSH	234	Field static (Elev. stat) for shot
STRE	235	Field static (Elev. stat) for receiver
STSC	236	Static scaler N
DMLD	237	Demultiplexer delay
DRGS	238	Depth of receiver group below surface
BLSN	239	Bin line sequence number
FIND	240,241	Format Specific - Identifier (1-16)
SWST	242,243	Source weathering static to floating datum in milliseconds
RWST	244,245	Receiver weathering static to floating datum in milliseconds
TTCD	246,247	Total trace correction to floating datum in milliseconds
TTCU	248,249	Total trace correction from floating datum in milliseconds
TSRC	250,251	Total source residual correction in milliseconds
TRRC	252,253	Total receiver residual correction in milliseconds
SFCR	254,255	Source fiducial correction
ZERO	256	Always zero

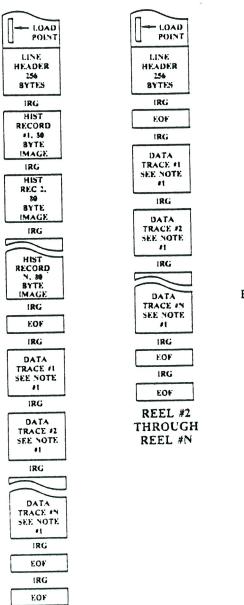
Line Header Description

The following is a description of the 'PHXF' line header. The line header is $128\ 16\text{-bit}$ words long.

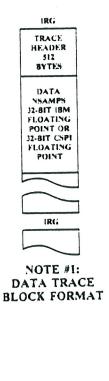
Header Word	Description
1-9	Not used
10	Number of samples
11	Not used
12	Number of channels
13	Fold
14	Not used
15-18	8 character ASCII date of creation
	6 character reel identification
22	Reel sequence, 1 - 32767
23	Not used
24	Data format: 4 - IBM 32-bit floating point
	7 - CSPI 32-bit floating point
05 05	10 - Integer 16-bit two's complement
25,26	Floating point sampling rate, in milliseconds
27-29	Not used
30	Sampling rate in microseconds
31	Type of tape format, Value = 7
32-128	Not used



'PHXF' PHOENIX Family Tape Format



REEL #1



8.5. SSC/SSL Manual, Internal Disk File (IDF) Format Description

'.IDF' DISK FORMAT

Trace File Description

TRACE FILE

The first block of data in this disk file contains information about the data itself; number of samples, sampling increment in seconds, number of channels, maximum fold, the total number of traces put in the file, etc. Then there are three empty blocks left for future expansion if needed. After these four blocks about the data, each trace is put into the file with a 256 word header.

After all the data has been output to the file, a section is added at the end containing 24 pertinent words from each trace, used in INTRACT to read the data from the file. Finally, history blocks are added to the file if present.

FILE HEADER

FORMAT:

FORMAT:	FILE HEADER (First 4 Blocks)
	TRACE 1
	TRACE 2
	TRACE 3
	TRACE N

BOF

SORT BUFFER

HISTORY

EOF

_	BOF
	BLOCK 1
•	BLOCK 2
	BLOCK 3
•	BLOCK 4

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BLOCK 1 FORMAT:

Byte	Index	
1	I*4	Number of samples
5	R*4	Sample rate in milliseconds
9	I*4	Number of channels
13	I*4	Fold
17	[*4	Number of traces in file
21	I*4	Starting block of data
25	I*4	Ending block of data
29	I*4	Starting block of sort buffer
33	I*4	Ending block of sort buffer
37	I*4	Starting block of history card images
41	I*4	Ending block of history card images
45	I*4	Type of File (See Note below)
49		
•		Unused
512		•

Note: Type of file: 0 = SEISMAP created file

1 = EDITIT created file

2 = DOUT option in INTRACT created file

3 = IDFCON created file

4 = Subroutine IDFFILE created file

The 16 bit Word 12 is used only for software debugging.

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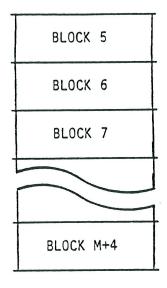
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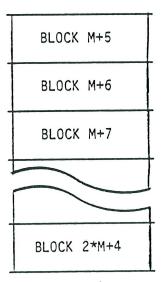
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TRACE 1 FORMAT:



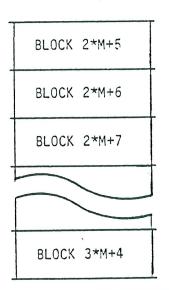
TRACE HEADER 32 Bit Words 1 to 128 TRACE DATA 32 Bit Words 129 to 129+NSAMPS-1

TRACE 2 FORMAT:



TRACE HEADER 32 bit Words 1 to 128 TRACE DATA 32 bit Words 129 to 129+NSAMPS-1

TRACE 3 FORMAT:



TRACE HEADER 32 Bit Words 1 to 128 TRACE DATA 32 Bit Words 129 to 129+NSAMPS

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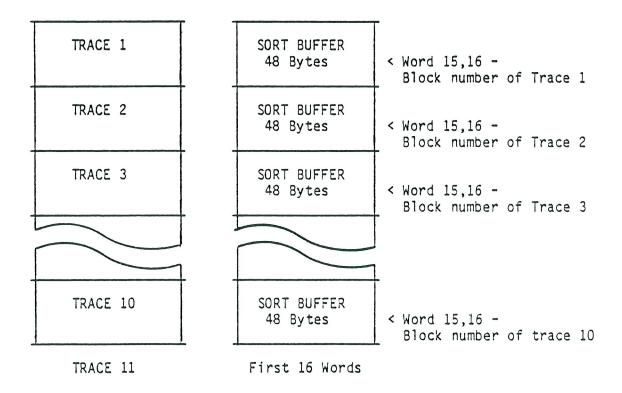
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Sort Buffer Format:

The sort buffer is made up of the following 24 I*2 words for each trace.

1-2	CDPN	-	Common depth point
3	ESPN	-	Source position number
4	CDPT	-	Trace number
5	FFNO	-	Field file number
6	FFTR	-	Field file trace number
7	LRNO	-	Record index number
8	LRTR	-	Record index trace number
9,10	ADIS	-	Distance
11,12	RCLC	-	Receiver location number
13,14	STNO	-	Source location number
15,16		-	Block number of data
17	SLAC	-	Nearest surface location
18-24		-	Spare

There are 10,667 sort buffers per 512 byte block.



The sort buffers are written to disk in a 24000 I*2 array, taking up 94 blocks and containing 1000 traces. Even though the 94th block is not completely filled, the 1001st trace starts in block 95 and continues through trace 2000.

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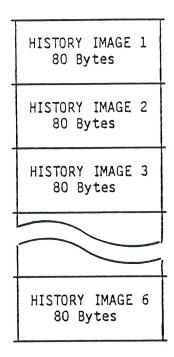
7.42 TRACE DRIVER '.IDF'

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History Buffer Format:

Six 80-byte records per 512 block on file.



8.6.	Applied transcri	ption table PH	X → SEGY (ph	x-ordered)

Standard SEGY headers Mis-used SEGY headers Free SEGY headers

Trace Header

_							
- 11	rac	9	н	മമ	М	ρr	

					Trace Header	
INDEX	OFFSET	PHXF-WORD	MNEMONIC	DESCRIPTION	SEGY-WORD	OFFSET
0	0	1,2	CDPN	Common depth point number (2-D processing)	11,12	20
1	4	3	ESPN	Source position order number	9,10	16
2	6	4	CDPT	Sequential trace number within sort group	13,14	24
3	8	5	FFNO	Original field file number	5,6	8
4	10	6	FFTR	Original field file trace number	7,8	12
5	12	7	LRNO	Record index number	64	126
6	14	8		Record index trace number	65	128
7	16	9	DIST	Always X '8000'		
8	18	10	DTST	Trace static correction type 1 (normally datum)	107	212
9	20	11	DEDS	Trace static correction type 2 (normally weathering)	108	214
10	22	12	LGTA	Trace static correction type 3 (normally bulk static)	109	216
11	24	13		Time of first sample (integer ms)	55	108
12	26	14		Fold of this CDP after stacking	17	32
13	28	15		Nearest SPON above this CDP	105	208
14	30	16	_	Elevation of the nearest location above this CDP	102	202
15	32	17	DLAC	Datum elevation of nearest location above this CDP	104	206
16	34	18		Depth of the shot nearest this CDP	76	150
17	36	19		Uphole time of the shot nearest this CDP	77	152
18	38		AVSR	Average elevations of all sources and receivers for this CDP	103	204
19	40	21,22	RCLC	Receiver location number for this trace	93,94	184
20	44	23,24		Source location number for this trace	91,92	180
21	48	25	_	32-bit flag word for this trace (bits 1-16)	119	236
22	50	26		32-bit flag word for this trace (bits 17-32)	120	238
23	52	27	INTC	Inverse trace counter within CDP	106	210
24	54	28		Unassigned (azimuth)	114	226
25	56	29.30		Nearest surface location above CDP	95,96	188
26	60	31	MULS	Multiplex skew (milliseconds)	70	138
27	62	32	TSNS	Trace set numbers (Scan type/Channel set number), ISTR	115	228
28	64	33		Some type of automatic static	118	234
29	66	34		Unassigned (CDP residual statics)	112	222
30	68	35	DAYR	Day of year data was recorded	80	158
31	70	36		Hour of day	81	160
32	72	37	MNHR	Minute of hour	82	162
33	74	38		Second of minute	83	164
34	76		NU02	Unassigned (src statics) 39,40 DPTR ?	50	98
35	78	40		Unassigned (src residual statics)	110	218
36	80	41		Unassigned (rcv residual statics) 41,42 STA3 ?	111	220
37	82		NU05	Unassigned (rcv statics)	51	100
38	84	43,44		Actual distance	19,20	36
39	88		NU06	Unassigned	113	224
40	90		CNTS	Copy number of trace	116	230
41	92		PTRN	Original IPN number	67	132
42	96	49 50 51		Scalar to be applied to shot, rec and bin X, Y coordinates	36	70
43	98	50,51	AUSN	ASCII user assigned source number	71,72	140
44	102 106	52,53 54		ASCII special trace group identifier	73,74	144
45	108	55		Trace number within special trace group Original line number of this trace (3D processing of 2D lines)	117	232
46	110	56,57	SODL	Source to origin distance along line	117	232
48	110		RODL	Receiver to origin distance along line	 	
49	118	60,61		Source X coordinate	37,38	72
50	122		SCOX	Source Y coordinate	39,40	76
51	122		RECX	Receiver X coordinate	41,42	80
52	130	66,67		Receiver Y coordinate	43,44	84
53	130		CDPX	CDP bin X coordinate, 3D processing	97,98	
54	134	70,71		CDP bin X coordinate, 3D processing CDP bin Y coordinate, 3D processing	99,100	192
55	142	70,71		CDP bin Y coordinate, 3D processing CDP bin code X, 3D portion	99,100	134
56	144		CD3X	CDP bin code Y, 3D portion	69	134
57	144		STAW	Stacking weight to apply to this trace (float)	09	130
58	150	74,75		Surface elevation over CDP	101	200
59	150	77	FLEL	Floating datum elevation over CDP	101	200
60		78		User datum elevation over CDP		
- 55	107	70	35LL	Soci datam diovation over ODI	ı	

61	156	79	SUEV	Surface of elevation over CMP		
62	158	80	FLDE	Floating datum elevation over CMP		
63	160	81	UDEV	User datum elevation over CMP		
64	162	82	SUES	Surface elevation for source	23,24	44
65	164	83		Floating datum elevation for source		
66	166	84		User datum elevation for source	29,30	56
67	168	85	SERE	Surface elevation for receiver	21,22	40
68	170	86			78	154
				Floating datum elevation for receiver		
69	172	87	UDER	User datum elevation for receiver	27,28	52
70	174	88	DSSL	Depth of source at source location	25,26	48
71	176	89		Depth of source at receiver location	75	148
72	178	90,91	UPHS	Uphole time at source location (integer ms)	48	94
73	182	92,93	UPHR	Uphole time at receiver location (integer ms)	49	96
74	186	94,95	FS01	Format specific		
75	190	96,97	FS02	Format specific (TSNR)	3,4	4
76	194	98,99		Format specific (NVSM)	16	30
77	198	100,101		Format specific (follow remark below)	18	34
78	202	102,103		Format specific	10	0.
79	206	104,105		Format specific		
				·		
80	210	106,107		Format specific		
81	214	108,109		Format specific		
82	218	110,111	FS09	Format specific		
83	222	112,113		Trace sequence number within line (SEGY bytes 1-4)		
84	226	114		Water depth at source location (in 3D alternativ CD3U)	31,32	60
85	228	115		Water depth at receiver location (in 3D alternativ CD3V)	33,34	64
86	230	116	WEVL	Weathering velocity at CDP	46	90
87	232	117	SWVL	Subweathering velocity at CDP	47	92
88	234		SYID	SEGY trace identification code (1-8)		
89	236	119		Coordinate units (1=length, 2=sec of arc)	45	88
90	238	120		Mute start time (normally 0)	56	110
91	240	121		Mute end time (initialize to 0)	57	112
	242	122,123		Mute taper time (ms)	51	112
92					00	400
93	246	124,125		Format specific	66	130
94	250	126,127	FS11	Format specific (follow remark below)	35	68
95	254	128,129		Format specific		
96	258	130,131		Format specific		
97	262	132,133		Format specific		
98	266	134,135	FS15	Format specific		
99	270	136,137	FS16	Format specific		
100	274	138,139		Format specific		
101	278	140,141		Format specific		
102	282		FS19	Format specific		
103	286		1010			
103	200		ES20			
104	200	144,145		Format specific		
	290	144,145 146,147	FS21	Format specific Format specific (NSMT)	50	110
	294	144,145 146,147 148,149	FS21 FS22	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT)	59	116
106	294 298	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151	FS21 FS22 FS23	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below)	60	118
106 107	294 298 302	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61	118 120
106 107 108	294 298 302 306	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109	294 298 302 306 310	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific Format specific Format specific Format specific	60 61	118 120
106 107 108 109 110	294 298 302 306 310 314	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111	294 298 302 306 310 314 318	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific Format specific Format specific Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110	294 298 302 306 310 314	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific Format specific Format specific Format specific Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338 342	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338 342 346	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338 342 346 350	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35 FS36	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338 342 346 350	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175 176,177	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35 FS36 FS37	Format specific Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338 342 346 350 354	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175 176,177 178,179	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35 FS36 FS37 FS38	Format specific Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 342 346 350 354 358	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175 176,177 178,179 180 181	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35 FS36 FS37 FS38	Format specific Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338 342 346 350 354 358 360 362	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175 176,177 178,179	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35 FS36 FS37 FS38 FS39 FS40	Format specific Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 342 346 350 354 358	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175 176,177 178,179 180 181	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35 FS36 FS37 FS38 FS39 FS40	Format specific Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338 342 346 350 354 358 360 362	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175 176,177 178,179 180 181 182	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35 FS36 FS37 FS38 FS39 FS40 FS41	Format specific Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62	118 120 122
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338 342 346 350 354 358 360 362	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175 176,177 178,179 180 181 182 183	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35 FS36 FS37 FS38 FS39 FS40 FS41 FS42	Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62 63	118 120 122 124
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338 342 346 350 354 358 360 362 364	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175 176,177 178,179 180 181 182 183 184 185	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35 FS36 FS37 FS38 FS39 FS40 FS41 FS42 FS43	Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific Format specific	60 61 62 63 79 84	118 120 122 124 124 156 166
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124	294 298 302 306 310 314 318 322 326 330 334 338 342 346 350 354 358 360 362 364	144,145 146,147 148,149 150,151 152,153 154,155 156,157 158,159 160,161 162,163 164,165 166,167 168,169 170,171 172,173 174,175 176,177 178,179 180 181 182 183	FS21 FS22 FS23 FS24 FS25 FS26 FS27 FS28 FS29 FS30 FS31 FS32 FS33 FS34 FS35 FS36 FS37 FS38 FS39 FS40 FS41 FS42 FS43	Format specific (NSMT) Format specific (ISRT) Format specific (follow remark below) Format specific	60 61 62 63	118 120 122 124

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133 380 191 FS49 F550 Format specific	130	376	189	FS47	Format specific	88	174
133 382 192 FS50 Format specific							176
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139 390 196 FS64 Format specific					·		
139 392 197 FS55 Format specific							
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140 396 199 FS57 Format specific							
141 398 200 FSS8 Format specific							
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146 408 205 FS63 Format specific					·		
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151							
152 420 211 D1WR Depth of 1st weathering layer at nearest receiver to CMP 153 422 212 D2WR Depth of 2nd weathering layer at nearest receiver to CMP 154 424 213 SNRC Static of nearest receiver to CMP 155 426 214 SNSC Shot static of nearest SPON to CMP 156 428 215 RSNR Residual static of nearest SPON to CMP 157 430 216 RSNS Residual static of nearest SPON to CMP 158 432 217 NSP2 Second nearest SPON to CMP 160 436 219 SSN2 Shot static of second nearest SPON to CMP 161 438 220 RSN2 Residual static of second nearest SPON to CMP 162 440 221 IPF2 Uphole time of second nearest SPON to CMP 163 442 222 TSTS Total static for receiver 164 444 223 TSTR Total static for receiver 165 446 224 TSUM Actual static fo					·		
153 422 212 D2WR Depth of 2nd weathering layer at nearest receiver to CMP 154 424 213 SNRC Static of nearest seroliver to CMP 155 426 214 SNSC Shot static of nearest seroliver to CMP 156 428 215 RSNR Residual static of nearest seroliver to CMP 157 430 216 RSNS Residual static of nearest seroliver to CMP 158 432 217 NSP2 Second nearest SPON to CMP 159 434 218 DSN2 Depth of shot second nearest SPON to CMP 160 436 219 SSN2 Shot static of second nearest SPON to CMP 161 438 220 RSN2 Residual static of second nearest SPON to CMP 162 440 221 UPT2 Uphole time of second nearest SPON to CMP 163 442 222 TSTS Total static for receiver 164 444 223 TSTR Total static applied to trace (not always sum of TSTS+TSTR) 165 446 224 TSUM							
154 424 213 SNRC Static of nearest receiver to CMP 155 426 214 SNSC Shot static of nearest sPON to CMP 156 428 215 RSNR Residual static of nearest sPON to CMP 157 430 216 RSNS Residual static of nearest SPON to CMP 158 432 217 NSP2 Second nearest SPON to CMP 159 434 218 DSN2 Depth of shot second nearest SPON to CMP 160 436 219 SSN2 Shot static of second nearest SPON to CMP 161 438 220 RSN2 Residual static of second nearest SPON to CMP 162 440 221 UPT2 Uphole time of second nearest SPON to CMP 163 442 222 TSTS Total static for secoler 164 444 223 TSTR Total static for receiver 165 446 224 TSUM Actual static applied to trace (not always sum of TSTS+TSTR) 166 448 225 TMIN Trim for the trace <							
156	154	424	213	SNRC	Static of nearest receiver to CMP		
157	155	426	214	SNSC	Shot static of nearest SPON to CMP		
158	156	428	215		Residual static of nearest receiver to CMP		
159			216		Residual static of nearest SPON to CMP		
160		432	217		Second nearest SPON to CMP		
161							
162 440 221 UPT2 Uphole time of second nearest SPON to CMP 163 442 222 TSTS Total static for shot 164 444 223 TSTR Total static for receiver 165 446 224 TSUM Actual static applied to trace (not always sum of TSTS+TSTR) 166 448 225 TMIN Tmin for the trace 167 450 226 TMAX Tmax for the trace 168 452 227 SHLN Source point line number 169 454 228 RGLN Receiver group line number 170 456 229 WCSH Water/weathering correction at source 171 458 230 WCRE Water/weathering correction at receiver 173 462 231 ECSH Elevation correction at source 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468							
163 442 222 TSTS Total static for shot 164 444 223 TSTR Total static for receiver 165 446 224 TSUM Actual static applied to trace (not always sum of TSTS+TSTR) 166 448 225 TMIN Tmin for the trace 167 450 226 TMAX Tmax for the trace 168 452 227 SHLN Source point line number 169 454 228 RGLN Receiver group line number 170 456 229 WCSH Water/weathering correction at source 171 458 230 WCRE Water/weathering correction at receiver 172 460 231 ECSH Elevation correction at source 173 462 232 ECRE Elevation correction at receiver 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235							
164					·		
165 446 224 TSUM Actual static applied to trace (not always sum of TSTS+TSTR) 166 448 225 TMIN Tmin for the trace 167 450 226 TMAX Tmax for the trace 168 452 227 SHLN Source point line number 169 454 228 RGLN Receiver group line number 170 456 229 WCSH Water/weathering correction at source 171 458 230 WCRE Water/weathering correction at receiver 172 460 231 ECSH Elevation correction at source 173 462 232 ECRE Elevation correction at receiver 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 177 474							
166 448 225 TMIN Tmin for the trace 167 450 226 TMAX Tmax for the trace 168 452 227 SHLN Source point line number 169 454 228 RGLN Receiver group line number 170 456 229 WCSH Water/weathering correction at source 171 458 230 WCRE Water/weathering correction at receiver 172 460 231 ECSH Elevation correction at source 173 462 232 ECRE Elevation correction at receiver 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							
167 450 226 TMAX Tmax for the trace 168 452 227 SHLN Source point line number 169 454 228 RGLN Receiver group line number 170 456 229 WCSH Water/weathering correction at source 171 458 230 WCRE Water/weathering correction at receiver 172 460 231 ECSH Elevation correction at source 173 462 232 ECRE Elevation correction at receiver 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 B							
168 452 227 SHLN Source point line number 169 454 228 RGLN Receiver group line number 170 456 229 WCSH Water/weathering correction at source 171 458 230 WCRE Water/weathering correction at receiver 172 460 231 ECSH Elevation correction at receiver 173 460 231 ECCB Elevation correction at receiver 173 462 232 ECRE Elevation correction at receiver 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
169 454 228 RGLN Receiver group line number 170 456 229 WCSH Water/weathering correction at source 171 458 230 WCRE Water/weathering correction at receiver 172 460 231 ECSH Elevation correction at source 173 462 232 ECRE Elevation correction at receiver 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 BLSN Bin line sequence number 181 478 240,241 FIND Format identifier (Tape' DF4, 1-16) 182 482 2							
170 456 229 WCSH Water/weathering correction at source 171 458 230 WCRE Water/weathering correction at receiver 172 460 231 ECSH Elevation correction at source 173 462 232 ECRE Elevation correction at receiver 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 BLSN Bin line sequence number 181 478 240,241 FIND Format identifier ('Tape' DF4, 1-16) 182 482 242,243 SWST Source weathering static to floating datum (ms) 183 48							
171 458 230 WCRE Water/weathering correction at receiver 172 460 231 ECSH Elevation correction at source 173 462 232 ECRE Elevation correction at receiver 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 BLSN Bin line sequence number 181 478 240,241 FIND Format identifier ('Tape' DF4, 1-16) 182 482 242,243 SWST Source weathering static to floating datum (ms) 183 486 244,245 RWST Receiver weathering static to floating datum (ms) 1							
172 460 231 ECSH Elevation correction at source 173 462 232 ECRE Elevation correction at receiver 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 BLSN Bin line sequence number 181 478 240,241 FIND Format identifier ('Tape' DF4, 1-16) 182 482 242,243 SWST Source weathering static to floating datum (ms) 183 486 244,245 RWST Receiver weathering static to floating datum (ms) 184 490 246,247 TTCD Total trace correction to floating datum (ms)							
173 462 232 ECRE Elevation correction at receiver 174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 BLSN Bin line sequence number 181 478 240,241 FIND Format identifier ('Tape' DF4, 1-16) 182 482 242,243 SWST Source weathering static to floating datum (ms) 183 486 244,245 RWST Receiver weathering static to floating datum (ms) 184 490 246,247 TTCD Total trace correction to floating datum (ms) 185 494 248,249 TTCU Total trace correction (ms)							
174 464 233 EVCD elevation velocity at this CMP 175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 BLSN Bin line sequence number 181 478 240,241 FIND Format identifier ('Tape' DF4, 1-16) 182 482 242,243 SWST Source weathering static to floating datum (ms) 183 486 244,245 RWST Receiver weathering static to floating datum (ms) 184 490 246,247 TTCD Total trace correction from floating datum (ms) 185 494 248,249 TTCU Total source residual correction (ms) 186 498 250,251 TSRC Total receiver residual correction (ms) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
175 466 234 STSH Field static (ELEVstat) for shot 176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 BLSN Bin line sequence number 181 478 240,241 FIND Format identifier ('Tape' DF4, 1-16) 182 482 242,243 SWST Source weathering static to floating datum (ms) 183 486 244,245 RWST Receiver weathering static to floating datum (ms) 184 490 246,247 TTCD Total trace correction to floating datum (ms) 185 494 248,249 TTCU Total race correction from floating datum to user datum (ms) 186 498 250,251 TSRC Total source residual correction (ms) 187 502 252,253 TRRC Total recei							
176 468 235 STRE Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver 177 470 236 STSC Static scaler 178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 BLSN Bin line sequence number 181 478 240,241 FIND Format identifier ('Tape' DF4, 1-16) 182 482 242,243 SWST Source weathering static to floating datum (ms) 183 486 244,245 RWST Receiver weathering static to floating datum (ms) 184 490 246,247 TTCD Total trace correction to floating datum (ms) 185 494 248,249 TTCU Total trace correction from floating datum to user datum (ms) 186 498 250,251 TSRC Total source residual correction (ms) 187 502 252,253 TRRC Total receiver residual correction (ms) 189 510 256 ZERO Alw					, ,		
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178 472 237 DMLD Demultiplexer delay 179 474 238 DRGS Depth of receiver group below surface 180 476 239 BLSN Bin line sequence number 181 478 240,241 FIND Format identifier ('Tape' DF4, 1-16) 182 482 242,243 SWST Source weathering static to floating datum (ms) 183 486 244,245 RWST Receiver weathering static to floating datum (ms) 184 490 246,247 TTCD Total trace correction to floating datum (ms) 185 494 248,249 TTCU Total trace correction from floating datum to user datum (ms) 186 498 250,251 TSRC Total source residual correction (ms) 187 502 252,253 TRRC Total receiver residual correction (ms) 188 506 254,255 SFCR Source fiducial correction 189 510 256 ZERO Always zero							
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188 506 254,255 SFCR Source fiducial correction 189 510 256 ZERO Always zero							
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					Process trace counter (renumber)	1,2	C
Trace identification code (extract from PHX-header25 FLG1) 15							28

additional remappings: Data use (set to 1 if PHX-header100-101 FS04 is 0)

Scaler for elevations and depths (set to 1 if PHX-header126-127 FS11 is 0)

No. of samples this trace (take from PHX line header words 1.5)

No. of samples this trace (take from PHX line header words 1.5)

No. of samples this trace (take from PHX line header words 1,2 58 Gain type (set to 1 if PHX-header150-151 FS23 is 0) 60

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114

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Line Header

					Binary Header	
INDEX	OfFFSE	PHXF-WORD	MNEMONIC	DESCRIPTION	SEGY-WORD	OFFSET
0	18	10		Number of samples	11	20
1	22	12		Number of channels	7	12
2	24	13		Fold	14	26
3	28	15-18		8 character ASCII date of creation	106-109	164
4	36	19-21		6 character ASCII reel identification	110-117	172
5	46	24		Data format	138	274
6	48	25,26		Floating Point sample rate in milliseconds	140,141	278
7	58	30		Sampling rate in microseconds	9	16
8	60	31		Type of tape format (PHXF=7)	139	276
				Data sample format code (1 for IBM or 5 for IEEE)	13	24

SEGY output file name should be xxx_yyyy.sgy (with xxx = sequence number within tape series and yyy = unique tape number)
History output file name should be xxx.yyyy.his (with xxx = sequence number within tape series and yyy = unique tape number)

The following entries into the SEGY binary header are not used for PHX?toSEGY but are used for our existing IDFtoSEGY, so they are mentioned here only for compatibility purposes

File name xxx_yyyy.idf

date size path

_			and all plants		
			E	Binary Header	
4	16	9,10	Number of traces in file	32,33	62
	20	11,12	Starting block of data	34,35	66
6	24	13,14	Ending block of data	36,37	70
7	28	15,16	Starting block of sort buffer	38,39	74
8	32	17,18	Ending block of sort buffer	40,41	78
Ş	36	19,20	Starting block of history	42,43	82
10	40	21,22	Ending block of history	44,45	86
11	44	23,24	Type of file	46	90

From file xxx_yyyy.prt

content

			Binary Header	
DAT = tt/mm/jj	8 Byte ASCII	Date of tape creation	106-109	164
TAP = Clxxxxx	8 Byte ASCII	Tape label	110-117	172
END = tt/mmm/jjjj hh:mm:ss	20 Byte ASCII	Date of idf creation	118-137	180

8.7.	Applied transcriptio	n table PHX →	SEGY (segy-o	rdered)

Standard SEGY headers
Mis-used SEGY headers
Free SEGY headers

FS48

Trace Header Trace Header INDEX OFFSET PHXF-WORD MNEMONIC DESCRIPTION SEGY-WORD OFFSET 96,97 FS02 Format specific (TSNR) 3,4 **FFNO** Original field file number 5,6 FFTR Original field file trace number 7,8 **ESPN** 9,10 Source position order number 1,2 CDPN Common depth point number (2-D processing) 11,12 CDPT Sequential trace number within sort group 13,14 98,99 FS03 Format specific (NVSM) NHST Fold of this CDP after stacking 100,101 FS04 Format specific (follow remark below) 43,44 **ADIS** Actual distance 19,20 SERE Surface elevation for receiver 21,22 **SUES** Surface elevation for source 23.24 DSSL Depth of source at source location 25,26 **UDER** User datum elevation for receiver 27,28 **UDES** User datum elevation for source 29,30 Water depth at source location (in 3D alternativ CD3U) **WDSI** 31,32 WDRI Water depth at receiver location (in 3D alternativ CD3V) 33,34 126,127 **FS11** Format specific (follow remark b SCLR Scalar to be applied to shot, rec and bin X, Y coordinates 37.38 SCOX 60,61 Source X coordinate Source Y coordinate SCOY 39.40 62,63 64,65 RECX Receiver X coordinate 41,42 Receiver Y coordinate 66.67 RECY 43.44 COOR Coordinate units (1=length, 2=sec of arc) WEVL Weathering velocity at CDP SWVL Subweathering velocity at CDP 90.91 UPHS Uphole time at source location (integer ms) 92.93 **UPHR** Uphole time at receiver location (integer ms) NU02 39,40 DPTR ? Unassigned (src statics) NU05 Unassigned (rcv statics) **TFS** Time of first sample (integer ms) MUST Mute start time (normally 0) MUET Mute end time (initialize to 0) 148,149 FS22 Format specific (ISRT) 150,151 FS23 Format specific (follow remark below) 152,153 FS24 Format specific 154,155 FS25 Format specific 156,157 FS26 Format specific LRNO Record index number LRTR Record index trace number 124,125 FS10 Format specific PTRN 47.48 Original IPN number CDP bin code X, 3D portion CD3X CDP bin code Y, 3D portion CD3Y MULS Multiplex skew (milliseconds) 50,51 **AUSN** ASCII user assigned source number 71,72 52,53 **ATRI** ASCII special trace group identifier 73,74 DSRL Depth of source at receiver location DSAC Depth of the shot nearest this CDP UTSA Uphole time of the shot nearest this CDP FLDR Floating datum elevation for receiver FS42 Format specific DAYR Day of year data was recorded HRDY Hour of day MNHR Minute of hour SCMN Second of minute Format specific FS43 FS44 Format specific FS45 Format specific FS46 Format specific FS47 Format specific

Format specific

132	380	191	FS49	Format specific	90	178
20 19	44 40	23,24 21,22		Source location number for this trace	91,92 93,94	180 184
25	56	29.30		Receiver location number for this trace Nearest surface location above CDP	95,94	188
53	134	68,69		CDP bin X coordinate, 3D processing	97,98	192
54	138	70,71	CDPY	CDP bin Y coordinate, 3D processing	99,100	196
58	150	76	SUEL	Surface elevation over CDP	101	200
14	30	16		Elevation of the nearest location above this CDP	102	202
18	38	20		Average elevations of all sources and receivers for this CDP	103	204
15	32	17	DLAC	Datum elevation of nearest location above this CDP	104	206
13 23	28 52	15 27	NSPN INTC	Nearest SPON above this CDP Inverse trace counter within CDP	105 106	208 210
8	18	10	DTST	Trace static correction type 1 (normally datum)	107	210
9	20	11	DEDS	Trace static correction type 2 (normally weathering)	108	214
10	22	12	LGTA	Trace static correction type 3 (normally bulk static)	109	216
35	78	40	NU03	Unassigned (src residual statics)	110	218
36	80	41	NU04	Unassigned (rcv residual statics) 41,42 STA3 ?	111	220
29	66	34	CSTR	Unassigned (CDP residual statics)	112	222
39	88	45	NU06	Unassigned	113	224
24 27	54	28	NU01 TSNS	Unassigned (azimuth)	114	226
40	62 90	32 46		Trace set numbers (Scan type/Channel set number), ISTR Copy number of trace	115 116	228 230
46	108	55		Original line number of this trace (3D processing of 2D lines)	117	232
28	64	33		Some type of automatic static	118	234
21	48	25		32-bit flag word for this trace (bits 1-16)	119	236
22	50	26	FLG2	32-bit flag word for this trace (bits 17-32)	120	238
7	16	9	DIST	Always X '8000'		
45	106	54	TNTG	Trace number within special trace group		
47	110	56,57	SODL	Source to origin distance along line		
48 57	114 146	58,59 74,75		Receiver to origin distance along line		
59	152	74,75	FLEL	Stacking weight to apply to this trace (float) Floating datum elevation over CDP		
60	154	78	UDEL	User datum elevation over CDP		
61	156	79		Surface of elevation over CMP		
62	158	80	FLDE	Floating datum elevation over CMP		
63	160	81	UDEV	User datum elevation over CMP		
65	164		FLES	Floating datum elevation for source		
74	186		FS01	Format specific		
78 79	202 206	102,103 104,105		Format specific Format specific		
80	210	104,103		Format specific		
81	214	108,109		Format specific		
82	218	110,111		Format specific		
83	222	112,113	TSNL	Trace sequence number within line (SEGY bytes 1-4)		
88	234	118		SEGY trace identification code (1-8)		
92	242	122,123		Mute taper time (ms)		
95	254	128,129		Format specific		
96 97	258 262	130,131 132,133		Format specific Format specific		
98	262	134,135		Format specific		
99	270	136,137		Format specific		
100	274	138,139		Format specific		
101	278	140,141	FS18	Format specific		
102	282	142,143		Format specific		
103	286	144,145		Format specific		
104	290	146,147		Format specific (NSMT)		
110 111	314 318	158,159 160,161		Format specific Format specific	 	
111	318	162,163		Format specific		
113	326	164,165		Format specific		
114	330	166,167		Format specific		
115	334	168,169	FS32	Format specific		
116	338	170,171		Format specific		
117	342	172,173		Format specific		
118	346	174,175		Format specific		
119 120	350 354	176,177 178,179		Format specific Format specific		
120	354 358	178,179		Format specific		
122	360	181		Format specific		
	500	101	. 550	1s. op oo	1	

60

118

123	362	182	FS40	Format specific		
124	364	183	FS41	Format specific		
133	382	192	FS50	Format specific		
134	384	193	FS51	Format specific		
135	386	194	FS52	Format specific		
136	388	195	FS53	Format specific		
137	390	196	FS54	Format specific		
138	392	197	FS55	Format specific		
139	394	198	FS56	Format specific		
140	396	199		Format specific		
141	398	200		Format specific		
142	400	201	FS59	Format specific		
143	402	202	FS60	Format specific		
144	404	203	FS61	Format specific		
145	406	204	FS62	Format specific		
146	408	205		Format specific		
147	410	206		Format specific		
	410					
148	412	207	FS65	Format specific		
149		208	FS66	Format specific		
150	416	209	FS67	Format specific		
151	418	210		Elevation velocity at nearest receiver to CMP		
152	420	211	D1WR	Depth of 1st weathering layer at nearest receiver to CMP		
153	422	212		Depth of 2nd weathering layer at nearest receiver to CMP		
154	424	213	SNRC	Static of nearest receiver to CMP		
155	426	214	SNSC	Shot static of nearest SPON to CMP		
156	428	215		Residual static of nearest receiver to CMP		
157	430	216		Residual static of nearest SPON to CMP		
158	432	217	NSP2	Second nearest SPON to CMP		
159	434	218		Depth of shot second nearest to CMP		
160	436	219		Shot static of second nearest SPON to CMP		
161	438	220	RSN2	Residual static of second nearest SPON to CMP		
162	440	221	UPT2	Uphole time of second nearest SPON to CMP		
163	442	222	TSTS	Total static for shot		
164	444	223	TSTR	Total static for receiver		1
165	446	224	TSUM	Actual static applied to trace (not always sum of TSTS+TSTR)		
166	448	225	TMIN	Tmin for the trace		
167	450	226	TMAX	Tmax for the trace		
168	452	227	SHLN	Source point line number		
169	454	228	RGLN	Receiver group line number		
170	456	229		Water/weathering correction at source		
171	458		WCRE	Water/weathering correction at receiver		
172	460	231	ECSH	Elevation correction at source		
173	462	232		Elevation correction at receiver		
174	464		EVCD	elevation velocity at this CMP		
175	466		STSH	Field static (ELEVstat) for shot		
176	468	235	STRE	Field static (ELEVstat) for receiver		
177	470	236		Static scaler		
178	470	237	DMLD	Demultiplexer delay		
179	474	238		Depth of receiver group below surface		
180	474	238	BLSN	Bin line sequence number	 	
181	478				1	
		240,241	FIND	Format identifier ('Tape' DF4, 1-16)		
182	482	242,243		Source weathering static to floating datum (ms)		
183	486	244,245		Receiver weathering static to floating datum (ms)		
184	490	246,247		Total trace correction to floating datum (ms)		
185	494	248,249		Total trace correction from floating datum to user datum (ms)		
186	498	250,251		Total source residual correction (ms)		
187	502	252,253		Total receiver residual correction (ms)		
188	506		SFCR	Source fiducial correction		
189	510	256	ZERO	Always zero		
				Process trace counter (renumber)	1,2	0
				Trace identification code (extract from PHX-header25 FLG1)	15	28
		additional i	remappings:	Data use (set to 1 if PHX-header100-101 FS04 is 0)	18	34
				Scaler for elevations and depths (set to 1 if PHX-header126-127 FS11 is 0)	35	68
				No. of samples this trace (take from PHX line header words 1,2)		114
				Gain type (set to 1 if PHX-header150-151 FS23 is 0)	60	118

Gain type (set to 1 if PHX-header150-151 FS23 is 0)

Line Header

Binary	Header	

INDEX	OfFFSET	PHXF-WORD	MNEMONIC	DESCRIPTION	SEGY-WORD	OFFSET
1	22	12		Number of channels	7	12
7	58	30		Sampling rate in microseconds	9	16
0	18	10		Number of samples	11	20
2	24	13		Fold	14	26
3	28	15-18		8 character ASCII date of creation	106-109	164
4	36	19-21		6 character ASCII reel identification	110-117	172
5	46	24		Data format	138	274
8	60	31		Type of tape format (PHXF=7)	139	276
6	48	25,26		Floating Point sample rate in milliseconds	140,141	278
				Data sample format code (1 for IBM or 5 for IEEE)	13	24

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File name xxx_yyyy.idf

date size path

		~~~	date oize patri		
			Bir	nary Header	
4	16	9,10	Number of traces in file	32,33	62
5	20	11,12	Starting block of data	34,35	66
6	24	13,14	Ending block of data	36,37	70
7	28	15,16	Starting block of sort buffer	38,39	74
8	32	17,18	Ending block of sort buffer	40,41	78
9	36	19,20	Starting block of history	42,43	82
10	40	21,22	Ending block of history	44,45	86
11	44	23,24	Type of file	46	90

From file xxx_yyyy.prt

content

			Binary Header	
DAT = tt/mm/jj	8 Byte ASCII	Date of tape creation	106-109	164
TAP = Clxxxxx	8 Byte ASCII	Tape label	110-117	172
END = tt/mmm/jjjj hh:mm:ss	20 Byte ASCII	Date of idf creation	118-137	180